Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,071—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, JUNE 28. 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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CONDENSED
MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-39 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
2nd July	OCEANA	6610	......	...
9th „	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
16th „	ARABIA	7903	......	...
23rd „	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
30th „	CALEDONIA	7558	......	...
6th August	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
13th „	EGYPT	7912	......	...
20th „	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
27th „	HIMALAYA	6898	......	...
3rd Sept.	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
10th „	OCEANA	6610	......	...
17th „	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
24th „	PERSIA	7951	......	...
1st Oct.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
8th „	ARABIA	7903	......	...
15th „	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
22nd „	EGYPT	7912	......	...
29th „	MANTUA	10885	......	...
5th Nov.	HIMALAYA	6898	......	...
12th „	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
19th „	MARMORA	10509	......	...
26th „	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

HE ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS.

(CITY AND HALL LINES).

pproximate Sailings from Bombay and Karachi, for Marseilles, Liverpool, etc.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, 1910.	Leave Karachi, 1910.
City of Glasgow	9500	...	July 20
City of Calcutta	11000	...	July 30
City of Manchester....	8900	...	August 11

A. 1st Class Passenger Steamers fitted throughout h Electric Light and Fans, and carrying both rgeon and Stewardess.

B. Cargo Boats carrying neither Surgeon nor Sterdess having accommodation for 2—12 passengers.

. Steamers which have both First and Second ss accommodation.

[illegible] charge for Express Service or two Berthed [illegible] Fans free.

[illegible] on granted to families, Railway employees, Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

[illegible] of the Army are exempted from the penalty to overstaying their leave by reason of delay l of Steamer provided it is timed to arrive the period of their leave.

TWARD AUTUMN SAILINGS, 1910.

In conjunction with the Homeward 1910 sailings for those desirous of returning in 6, 8, and 9 months, etc.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool.	Due Bombay.
*C. City of Calcutta.....	11000	......	July 11
*C. City of Manchester.	8900	June 29th	„ 23
*B. City of Lucknow....	5900	July 30	Aug. 26
C. City of York	11000	Aug. 22	Sept. 13
C. City of Glasgow.....	9500	Sept. 17	Octr. 10
C. City of Calcutta.....	11000	„ 22	„ 15
C. City of London......	11000	Octr. 17	Nov. 6
*A. Trafford Hall........	8000	„ 26	„ 19

* Calling at Naples. ‡ Calling at Marseilles.

JOINT SERVICE.
In connection with
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN
TO
MARSEILLES, NAPLES, GENOA, ANTWERP, HAMBURG & BREMEN.

ugh rates of passage money may be obtained. ssages and full particulars apply to—

bay:—Messrs. Ed. Bates & Sons Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & Co., Agents.

essrs. Forbes, Forbes Campbell & Co., Ltd.

BAY AMERICAN LINE.

CT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

G CARGO for NEW YORK, TON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

urther particulars regarding t, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions egarding Giras, Wants, and their Guaranteed Rights. y L. P. Parekh, Rs. 6. Apply Box No. 405, care of Bombay Gazette" Office.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI. Direct.)

T. S. "LHASA," 2,171 tons, on Friday, 1st July, at 6 a. m. or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 30th June, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "WAROONGA," 2,513 tons, on Monday, 4th July calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA. (Fortnightly.)

S. S. "LAWADA," 2,283 tons, sailing on or about the 2nd July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY,

27th June, 1910.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES TO EUROPE	Booked by all Lines. Continental Railway Tickets procured.
PASSAGES VIA JAPAN AND AMERICA	Booked by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
BERTHS	Carefully selected.
HANDBOOK	With full particulars, sent gratis on application.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES	Bank Notes, Drafts, and Sovereigns at Current Rates.

CALCUTTA : GRINDLAY & Co,
LONDON : GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on.
TRIESTE	5095	S. Cliunaok	1st July
MARQ. BACQUEHEM	4396	......	1st August
KOERBER	5423	A. Foresti	1st Sept.
AFRICA	4719	E. Seberich	1st October
KOERBER	5423	A. Foresti	1st November
BOHEMIA	4281	G. Gillhuber	16th „
AFRICA	4719	E. Seberich	1st December
BREGENZ	3894	A. de Petris	16th „

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about.
CHINA	6017	G. Berguglian	28th June
F. FERDINAND	6046	B. Cobol	28th July
CHINA	6017	G. Berguglian	29th December

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES.

ACCELERATED LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice......	Rs. 450 & 500 *
Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice and back	„ 675 to 750*
Saloon Class to London	„ 545 „ 635*
Saloon Class to London and back	„ 865 „ 1020*
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice	350
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice and back	„ 525
Intermediate Class to London	„ 445
Intermediate Class to London and back	„ 715

* Fares according to position of cabin and class of Railway.

ORDINARY LINE.

Single Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450
Single Class to Trieste or Venice and back	„ 675
Single Class to London	„ 545 to 585 *
Single Class to London and back	„ 865 to 945 *

* Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS

ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Navigazione Generale Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German loyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKNOG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Captain	Tons	To sail about
Vorwaerts......	......	5990	...25th July 1910

For further information regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co., Bombay

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

(GERMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

Steamer.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about 1910.
b Markgraf	3,680	Timm	9th July.
a Pacsident	3,310	Jacobsen	19th „

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.
b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

24, Medow Street, Bombay, 30th May, 1910.

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

SHIPPING

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	7th July 1910.
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	4th Augt „
SYDNEY	4,118	Costa	1st Sept. „
SALAZIE	4,147	X	29th Sept. „
NERA	5,538	Martin	27th Oct. „
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	24th Nov. „
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	X	22nd Dec. „

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
SALAZIE	4,147	X	15th July 1910.
NERA	5,538	Martin	12th Aug. „

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP	Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	„ 16,250,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien
Changchung
Dairon (Dairy)
Hankow
Honolulu
Hongkong
Kobe
London
Liaoyang
Lyons
Fengtien Mukden
Nagasaki
Newchwang
New York
Osaka
Ryojun Port Arthur
Peking
San Francisco
Shanghai
Tiehling
Tientsin
Tokyo

LONDON BANKER:—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
Manager,

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort. Bombay

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL MANSIONS, Apollo St., BOMBAY
BRANCHES:
Mumbadevi, Ahmedabad, Karachee, Calcutta and Rangoon.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN WEATHER OBSERVER.

IN the present day there is no doubt an increasing appreciation for such instruments as will enable observers to foretell weather changes. The interest thus shown by the public has to a considerable extent helped to push forward the manufacture of Barometers of every description. Those we are at present offering are not in expensive forms of cases, but they are nevertheless elegant in appearance and compact enough to find appropriate places on a wall in any home; and we offer them at such prices as will place them within the reach of everybody.

THE BAROMETER is an absolute
"WEATHER WARNER for WEATHER WATCHERS."
It raises no false alarms.

Circular 6½ ins. diameter.	Visible aneroid movement	Oak case	Rs. 15-8
„ 8 ins.	„ „	„	Rs. 22
„ 9 ins.	„ „	„	Rs. 30
„ 5½ ins.	„ „	Nickel case	Rs. 30
Banjo shape, length 18 ins. dial 3½	Carved case	...	Rs. 18

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

BOMBAY & POONA.
JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS, BY APPOINTMENT
TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE EARL OF MINTO, G. M. S. I., G. M. I. E.,
Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

Telegraphic address: "Marcks," Bombay, Telephone No. 189.

REDUCED PRICES. (Offer No. 2.)

OPEN FROM 1st to 30th JUNE.

OAKES & CO.'S CIGARS.

Gymkhanas	per	50	5	8	Anglo Indian No. 1 ...	per	100	3	8
Empires	„	50	4	4	Anglo Indian No. 2 ...	„	100	3	4
Golcondas No. 1 ...	„	50	3	4	Vishnus Longs ...	„	100	3	8
Supers, No. 1	„	50	2	4	Vishnus Shorts ...	„	100	2	8
Supers, No. 2	„	50	2	2	Oriental Cheroots ...	„	100	3	0
Supers, No. 2	„	100	4	0	Little Indians	„	50	1	6
Bahadur Bouquets, No. 1	„	50	3	0	Kimberlies	„	50	3	0

As the above are in limited quantity only and as we are anxious to see that our regular Customers receive the full benefit we reserve the right of not supplying at all if the orders received appear to us as NOT Bona-fide.

N. B.—TRADE WILL NOT BE SUPPLIED.
Upcountry orders by V. P. Post or Rail.

CIGAR MERCHANTS. D. MERWAN & Co., MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital	„ 17,62,500
Reserve Fund	„ 3,00,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.

Agents and Correspondents throughout India,
HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.

BRANCHES:—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows:—For 1 year at 6 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on any Town in India, and Currency Notes of any circle received free of Charge in Fixed and Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Standard Buildings, Bombay, Sept. 1908.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ...	„ 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	„ 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)
RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.
R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application,

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager.

HENRY'S GREAT INDIAN REMEDIES.

IT IS WORTH KNOWING FOR TRAVELLERS.

HOMOCEA.—The Great Pain Killer.
THILUM.—A certain cure for Rheumatism Gout, Neuralgia, etc.
HIPPACEA.—The finest ointment in the world for the Horse and other animals
TOMCE.—The one minute cure for all sorts of Toothache, Gumboils, Swollen Gums, etc.
JVARA-HARI.—The greatest fever destroyer in the world.
OMUM CARPOOR—Cures all stomach troubles, indigestion, diarrhœa, flatulence, spasms, etc.

No household and travellers should be without these.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.
SOLE AGENTS,
CROFT MODY & CO.,
BOMBAY.

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NEMESIS AGUE SPECIFIC,

is a rational Remedy for Ague, Malarial, Bilious, Plague and other Fevers. A General Bitter Tonic, and Heart Stimulent. Per bottle, Re. 1.

CHOLERA.

"ZAM-ZAM."

A wonder of the Age. The Family Remedy. Instantaneous cure for Cholera, Colic, Cramp, Dyspepsia, Griping.

☞ See the Trade-mark of a Wading Bird. Per bottle—Ans. 8 and Ans. 14.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET,
BOMBAY.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,

BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE. offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED.
CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission. GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
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TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

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FLOORING TILES
REINFORCED AND
SIMPLEX FLOORS,
STEEL STANCHIONS,
CAST AND WROUGHT IRON
COLUMNS & RAILINGS.

GARLICK & Co.,

CONSTRUCTIONAL ENGINEERS,
JACOB'S CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

QUININE ELIXIR

(ELIXIR CHINA)

THE best Tonic for the System, containing all the properties of the peruvian bark, aids digestion, and prevents fever attacks; pleasant to the taste. It is recommended to convalescents.

DOSE.—A liqueur glass before or after meals.
OBTAINABLE IN LITRE BOTTLES,

RS. 5-12
FROM
MONGINI BROTHERS,
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA.
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

EMPIRE OF INDIA Life Assurance Company, Limited.

Head Office: BOMBAY.

Last year's business—Rs. 60,00,000.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE
RATES AND CONDITIONS
OF THE
Empire of India Life Office
WITH THOSE OF
ANY OTHER COMPANY.

Before entering into a Contract for Life Assurance examine the
ANNUAL REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET
To satisfy yourself of the position of the Company.

THE PREMIUMS

are so moderate that, at the usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured from the first for a yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to an immediate and certain Bonus of 20 or 25 per cent.

Prospectus, Proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from

E. F. ALLUM, *General Manager.*

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c

Kerosine Oil Brands:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases
Chester	125°	„ „
Monkey	125°	„ „
Elephant in tins and bulk		

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ALTERATIONS OF TRAINS.

FROM the first of July 1910, the TIMINGS of PASSENGER and MAIL TRAINS on the G. I. P. system will be revised. For details see sheet Time Table exhibited at stations.

Information can also be obtained from Station Masters or from the undersigned.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 20th June, 1910.

INDUSTRY
A monthly journal of Handicrafts and Commerce.

CONTAINS useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities, starting of small mechanical and manual industries, etc., etc. Annual subscription, Re. 1 only.

SAMPLE FREE.

3, Mohun Lal Mitter's Lane, Shambazar, Calcutta.

OFFICES TO LET.

LARGE AIRY FLOOR, well lighted on all sides and renovated throughout. About 6,400 square feet. Rent Rs. 550 p.m. inclusive of taxes. 2nd floor over THACKER & CO., LTD., (to whom apply).

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTIVE ENGINEER.

THE Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay are prepared to receive applications for the APPOINTMENT of EXECUTIVE ENGINEER for the Municipality, under Section 74 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act.

2. The Muncipal Act provides that the Executive Engineer shall devote his whole time and attention to the duties of his office.

3. The appointment, which is subject to confirmation by the Local Government, will be for a renewable term of five years. The incumbent is liable to removal during his term of office for misconduct, or for neglect of or incapacity for, his duties on the votes of not less than two-thirds of the Councillors present at a meeting of the Corporation.

4. He should have knowledge of Municipal Engineering in all its branches including Drainage and Water Works, especially Roads and Buildings, Lighting and Electricity, and possess ability to supervise the various departments employed in the Engineering works of a large City.

5. The minimum monthly salary of the appointment is Rs. 1,200 and the maximum Rs. 2,000. The service is pensionable under the Pension Rules of the Bombay Municipality, information regarding which and regarding leave rules can be obtained on a reference to the undersigned in Bombay or to Mr. G. Midgley Taylor, M. Inst. C. E., F. C. S., of Messrs. John Taylor, Sons and Santo Crimp, Westminster, London.

6. Applicants should state the minimum initial salary (in Rupees) within the limits abovementioned which they are willing to accept.

7. Applications which should be accompanied by COPIES ONLY of testimonials and certificates of age and physical fitness should be addressed to the Undersigned, and forwarded as follows:—

(a) By applicants in Europe: to the care of Mr. G. Midgley Taylor, M. Inst. C. E., F. C. S. Westminster, London, so as to reach him not later than the 31st July, 1910.

(b) By other applicants: to the Municipal Office in Bombay, so as to reach the Undersigned not later than the 31st July, 1910.

R. P. MASANI,
Municipal Secretary.

Bombay, 4th June, 1910.

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DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

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There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
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Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—

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FOR ALL
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If you suffer from any disease due to the impure tate of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, ou should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, he world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has 40 years' reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

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It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For

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BLOOD POISON,
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SPOTS,
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it is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

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Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'"—June 18, 1903

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TAN
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SPECIALLY MADE FOR THE
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JAFFER JOOSAB,
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Renowned for its pure quality
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Insist upon having the original brand
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MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
Half-yearly	...	" 20 0	" 16 0
Quarterly	...	" 10 10	" 8 8
Monthly	...	" 3 12	" 3 0

SINGLE COPY... ... ONE ANNA.

* For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette," See Special Short Advertisements Column.

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For Advertisements of two or three lines, rela to such matters as Small Sales; Business Ca Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodg Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lo Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ... ... Re. 1-0
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First Insertion ...	...	Rs. 6-0	Per Inch.
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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY
AND WEEKLY BUDGET.

		Town.	Post.
Yearly	... ...	Rs. 12	Rs. 15
Half-yearly...	... ...	" 7	" 8
Quarterly	... ...	" 4	" 5

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DAILY MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY, June 27.

MONEY.

The cash balance of the Bank of Bombay is upwards by Rs. 70 lacs.

EXCHANGE.

There is no change to report. The market opened at 1s. 3 31-32d. for T. T., and 3 months' sight credits 1s. 4 5-32d.

We quote :—

Bank's selling—	
T. T. Ready ...	1s. 3 31-32d.
D. D. Mail ...	1s. 4d.
T. T. Forward ...	1s. 4d. Sept.
Bank's Buying—	
Private D. D. Ready ...	1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 m/s „ ...	1s. 4 5-32d.
„ „ Forward ...	1s. 4 3/16d. Aug.
„ 6 m/s Ready ...	1s. 4 9/32d.
France 3 m/s „ ...	169 3/4
Marks 3 m/s „ ...	138
60 d/s. Hongkong ...	139 3/4
„ Shanghai ...	177 1/2
„ Japan ...	150 3/4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Market has advanced a little and closed at Rs. 95 8-0.

BULLION.

Bar silver in London on Saturday was 1-16-0 down at 24 5-8 and New York was 1-8 down at 53 3-8.

Business in silver was done at Rs. 72-5-0. As a private telegram advised market firm, local prices remained unchanged. Business of 50 slabs was done to-day.

Gold market was very dull and in absence of up-country demand price declined by 3 pies. There was a moderate demand of soveriegns, and prices were unchanged.

We quote :—

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 Fakirsett ...	23	7	0
97 Chintu ...	23	7	0
National Bank ...	24	7	9
Chartered Bank ...	24	0	9
Sovereigns Shield ...	15	4	0
Do. Dragon ...	15	0	0
Australian ...	24	0	6
English Gold ...	24	0	3
Native Bullion ...	24	0	3
Indian Specie Bank ...	24	0	3

SILVER.

	Rs.	a.	p.
117 1/2 Penny ...	72	5	0
117 Penny ...	72	4	0
Local per tola ...	0	11	6
FUTURES.			
First Settlement ...	72	5	0
Second do ...	72	9	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed :—Quiet. London quotations were unchanged. There being less demand price declined by 1-2 to 1 anna.

Rapeseed :—Steady. London quotation was 3d. up, demand was moderate and price advanced by 2 annas.

Wheat :—Quiet but steady. Local market unchanged and locally very little business is passing.

Castorseed, Cottonseed:—Steady. Business moderate and prices advanced by 4 to 8 annas.

Poppyseed, Mowraseed, Gingillyseed, Groundnuts :—Quiet. Prices unchanged and business moderate.

Description.	Rate.
Linseed, Bold ...	Rs. 10 6
Linseed, Small ...	„ 10 4
RAPESEED—	
Brown Cawnpore ...	„ 6 6
Yellow do. ...	„ 6 11
Do. Gujarat ...	„ 6 14
Poppyseed ...	„ 9 11
Castorseed ...	„ 37 8 to 38 8
Mowraseed... ...	„ 6 11
Maize ...	„ 18 to 19
Groundnuts ...	„ 42 to 42
Mustardseed ...	„ 25 to 95
Gingellyseed ...	„ 41 to 52
Khandesh Howri Gulburga do. Kalbur do. Itarsi do.	„ 49 to 51
White Gin, Bold 95/5 Do. do do 85/15 Do. do. do. 75/25... Do. Mixed 50/50...	„ 45 to 48
Do. Gin, Small 50/50... Do. do. 85/15...	„ 42 to 43
Gin, Black Beaver ... Do. do. Gadag ...	„ 41 to 43
Gin Red Khandwa ... Do. Meggi ...	„ 44 to 46
Do. Yellow Hinganghat Do. do. Secunderabad Do. do. Gujarat	„ 50 to 58
Do. Black Kutni Do. Ahmedabad...	„ 41 to 42
WHEAT—	
[illegible]si ...	„ 31 to 32
[illegible]d Red...	„ 30 to 31
[illegible]tonseed ...	„ 22 8 to 23 8

[illegible] following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at [illegible] on Saturday, 25th June:—

[illegible]heat ...	3,649 cwts
Linseed ...	4,109 „
Rapeseed ...	1,616 „
Gingellyseed ...	285 „
Poppyseed ...	855 „
Groundnuts ...	433 „
Castorseed ...	2,262 „
Rice ...	2,894 „
Myrabollams ...	2,162 „
Cottonseed ...	7,701 „
Mowraseed ...	2,379 „
Gram ...	6,167 „
Joowar ...	101 „
Maize ...	...... „

SPININGS.

Petits are quoted Rs. 2,872 1-2 for July and Rs. 2,882 for August.

David's ...	391 1-4
Swadesh ...	1,140
Kohinoor ...	692 1-2
Standard ...	1,095
Colaba ...	1,110
Nagpore... ...	1,700
Burma ...	525

COTTON.

The Colaba cotton market.—Liverpool was 1 point up and New York was 5 up. There was a moderate demand from exporters and mills, and prices for ready remained unchanged. The opener was 1 to 2 points down and the market for new crop [illegible]as quiet and declined by Re. 1 to Rs. 2. [illegible]siness in Broach new crop opened at the [illegible]e rate and closed at Rs. 283 1-2. [illegible] learn of the following purchases :—

		Rs.
Volkart Bros	...Kadi ...	290
do	...Bengal ...	248/250
R D Master & Co	...Broach ...	303
do	...Warora... ...	295
[illegible]adhowji Mills	...Karanja ...	180
[illegible]ussan M K	...Wardha ...	290
[illegible]apan T Co	...Broach ...	300-302
Hope Mills	do ...	295
Phoenix Mills	do ...	272
Phoenix Mills	...Tasgam ...	302
S J David & Co	...Neemuch ...	245

	Rs.
Bengal Hand Gin. Fine ...	256
„ F Good ...	246
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine ...	272
„ F Good ...	260
Sind Punjab Fine ...	272
„ F Good ...	260
Khandesh Fine ...	270
„ F Good ...	260
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine ...	283
„ F Good ...	272
Akola Khangaum Fine ...	281
„ F Good ...	271
Amraoti Fine ...	281
„ F Good ...	271
Yeotmal Fine ...	288
„ F Good ...	278
Nagpore Fine ...	290
„ F Good ...	280
Wardha Hinganghat Fine ...	295
„ F Good ...	285
Methia Fine ...	270
„ F Good ...	260
Broach Gin Fine ...	305
„ F Good ...	295
Sawginned Good ...	306
Coompta Ginned ...	302
Westerns „ ...	282
Do M G ...	288

FUTURES.

Broach Good ...	282 1-2
Bengal F G ...	215 1-2

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Saturday, 25th June:—

	Bales.
Khandeish ...	......
Central India ...	281 „
Barsi and Nagur ...	167 „
Berar ...	40 „
Central Provinces ...	60 „
Oomras... ...	588 „
Dholera ...	312 „
Broach... ...	83 „
Coompta and Dharwar ...	3,170 „
Westerns ...	...... „
Bengals (N' W. P.)...	34 „
Rajputana ...	127 „
Sind ...	...... „
Persian ...	...... „
Other Sorts ...	...... „
Total ...	4,235 Bales.

LIVERPOOL, June 27.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone ...	Quiet but steady
Estimated Sales ...	5,000
Total Imports ...	Nil.
Future Delivery Prices :—	
June—July ...	7·54 — 2
July—Aug. ...	7·44 — 2
Aug.—Sept ...	7·14 — 2
Sept.—Oct. ...	6·74 — 2
Oct.—Nov. ...	6·56 — 2
Nov.—Dec. ...	6·47 — 2
Dec.—Jan. ...	6·45 — 1
Jan.—Feb. ...	6·43 — 1
Feb.—Mar. ...	6·43 — 1

FREIGHTS.

JUNE.

Ports.	Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp ...	9 0	9 6
Dunkirk ...	9 0	9 6
Havre ...	10 0	10 6
Hull ...	......	......
Liverpool ...	9 0	10 0
Marseilles ...	9 0	10 0
Genoa ...	9 0	9 6
London ...	10 0	10 0
Hamburg ...	9 6	10 0
Trieste ...	12 0	14 0
Venice ...	12 0	14 0
Open Ports ...	July	10 6
	Aug.	11 0
	Sept.	12 0

Market quiet, slightly better demand.

METALS.

We quote :—

	lbs.	
Copper Braziers 4×4 ...	21 28 35 42	Rs.53 8
	56 63 70 77 84	„ 53 4
Yellow Metal Sheets ...	21 28 35 42 49 56	„ 44 4a „ 44 8b
Tin Ingots. ...	...	„ 48 12
Spelter S M M M J G	...	„ 18 4
Georgshutte ...	...	„ 22 8
Copper Ingots K S ...	...	„ 48 0
Copper Sheetings ...	lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14	„ 60 0
Yellow Metal Sheetings	lbs. 14, 16 10, 12	„ 46 0

a German, b English

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 24th June, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	5	5,729
B. B. & C. I. Railway.	12	15,397

BANK OF BOMBAY.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ended 25th June 1910, as compared with the statement for the week ending 18th June 1910 :—

LIABILITIES.	June 18. Rs.	June 25. Rs.
Capital	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	1,03,00,000	1,03,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office ...... Public Deposits at Branches	1,09,83,830	1,22,55,934
Other Deposits	6,86,25,031	10,97,35,559
Post Bills	10,380	7,336
Sundries	30,85,205	31,20,782
Rs....	13,30,04,446	13,64,19,661
ASSETS.		
Government Securities......	1,53,94,461	1,54,55,086
Other authorised Securities.	12,44,595	10,48,777
Credits on Govt. and other authorised Securities ...	2,09,78,505	2,02,96,593
Loans do. do. ...	3,88,55,607	3,72,97,968
Bills discounted and purchased	1,72,06,660	1,60,06,457
Dead Stocks	3,03,160	3,03,235
Stamps	5,605	5,606
Bullion	6,80,185	7,97,597
Balance with other Banks.	6,29,903	4,80,737
Sundries......	7,32,885	7,54,672
Cash	3,69,72,880	4,39,72,933
	13,30,04,446	13,64,19,661

BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal, for the week ending 21st June, 1910, as compared with the statement of 14th June, 1910:—

LIABILITIES.	June 14. Rs.	a.	p.	June 21. Rs.	a.	p.
Capital paid up.	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund...	1,70,00,000	0	0	1,70,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits, &c	1,82,62,279	3	5	1,65,61,825	11	7
Other Deposits, &c	17,21,16,012	11		17,05,16,529	3	11
Bank Post Bills, &c.	20,52,646	11	8	13,05,115	4	4
Sundries	22,85,932	2	2	28,42,452	12	1
Rs ..	23,17,16,870	12	7	22,77,25,922	15	11
ASSETS.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Govt. Securities	2,47,33,989	0	0	2,42,10,060	0	0
other authorized Investments ...	91,59,386	0	0	91,03,871	0	0
Loans on Govt. & other authorized Securities	4,07,78,112	8	4	4,11,64,072	8	11
Accounts of Credit on do ...	3,74,60,563	12	4	3,71,77,709	8	10
Bills discounted, &c	2,94,68,132	15	7	2,79,59,284	12	4
Balances with other Banks ...	41,98,949	1	1	41,79,868	5	5
Bullion	......			......		
Dead Stock......	21,99,320	9	10	22,00,376	3	10
Stamps	12,352	15	4	12,512	9	4
Sundries	77,331	11	4	77,456	4	0
	14,81,38,138	9	10	14,60,84,711	4	8
Cash, &c., at... Head Office..	8,35,78,732	2	11	8,16,41,211	11	3
Cash, &c., at... Branches						
	23,17,16,870	12	9	22,77,25,922	15	11

	Rs.	
LIABILITIES.		
Government Balance at Head Office	6,07,287	Decrease.
Government Balance at Branches	10,93,166	Do.
Other Deposits	15,99,483	Do.
Post Bills......	7,47,531	Do.
ASSETS.		
Bank's Investments	6,29,444	Decrease.
Loans	3,85,960	Increase.
Accounts of Credit......	2,82,854	Decrease.
Mercantile Bills	15,08,848	Do.
Cash at Head Office	2,70,254	Do.
Cash at Branches	16,67,268	Do.
Percentage 42·80.		

OFFICIAL despatches from Managua state that the war is fast reducing Western Nicaragua to a condition of panic. The export of fruit products is prohibited, and the rate of exchange is rapidly rising.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Messrs. Tata and Co's. Liverpool friend writes :—

The most interesting event of the past week was the issue, on 2nd inst., of the first Report of the Agriculture Bureau on the 1910-11 crop. The following are the figures, with those of the two previous years.

	Condition.	Acreage.
1910	82	33,196,000
1909	81·1	32,292,000
1908	79·7	33,370,000

The Report, being just about what was expected, had little effect on the market. As showing how impossible it is to know with any degree of certainty, at this early stage, what the crop is likely to be, we may say that last year, with a June report little below the present one, the crop hardly yielded 10 1-2 millions whereas the year before, with a lower condition, the crop was nearly 14 millions.

It may be said, however, that the present figures contain at least the promise of a good yield, and this is maintained, to our minds by the weather reports, at present coming from the other side. In these reports, there is a tendency, it is true, to go to extremes, for we hear alternately of excessive heat, and heavy rains. We cannot help feeling, however, that this is just what the plant requires, and our impression is that at present good progress is being made. In fact, our New Orleans correspondent just cables "Taxas condition now ideal."

This, however, affects future supplies only.

The most urgent matter for the moment is: what are we to do until the new crop begins to arrive?

The wages question in Lancashire, as mentioned in our last letter, will not be raised again until August, if then, and as the present general tendency of trade is upwards, we may expect an active consumption during the remainder of the season, which prospect is increased by the favourable breaking of the Monsoon in India, of which advices are just to hand.

What have we to supply this demand?

Our stock in Liverpool is 495,130 bales against 1,047,200 last year.

When we looked round for replenishment, we find the South almost swept clean ; in New York a stock of 223,000 bales, practically controlled by the bull clique ; in New Orleans a stock of 88,000 bales, against 150,000 a year ago ; at Continental ports 449,330 against 767,730 a year ago. And as for invisibble supplies, some spinners with whom we are intimately connected have no reserves to speak of, and we cannot help thinking this absence of reserves exists in many quarters all over the world.

The new crop is admitted to be about 2 weeks late and there may be some difficulty in effecting the early shipments because of the general distrust of American shipments, and the uncertainty as to weather bills of lading represent cotton reallyonboard.

A diversity of opinion exists as to be possible outcome of the bull manipulation in America. The clique is said, on the one hand, to be determined to carry out its first intentions. On the other hand, a New York friend writes :—

"Patten is said to have suffered a defeat in the Chicago wheat market. With his campaign in cotton, pride and sentiment have much to do, but they will not save him from defeat, in spite of his millions. The May deal was a "fizzle," and I doubt whether he will be able to recoup in July and August."

Others say heavy shipments to Europe are contemplated. In any case, Liverpool could easily absorb twice the present New York stock. A friend here put his position to us in this way :—"The crop having run out, I am carrying practically no stock, and consequently I have capital lying idle. Therefore, if J-A is tendered to me, I will simply take it up and dole it out to spinners in August."

What the manipulators do now, however, is, we consider, immaterial. We are faced with absolute insufficiency of raw material for the remainder of the season, and the only thing that, to our minds, could bring demand within the limits of supply, would be a strong advance in the price of summer deliveries.

Apart from the foregoing considerations we can never hope to return to the low prices of previous years, in view of the constant increase in the supply of gold. The output in April eclipsed all records, and this tendency always means less purchasing power, and consequently higher prices for all commodities. We recollect seeing a curious old statue outside St. John's Cathedral, Bois-le-Duc, Holland, representing a man throwing at his wife a dish of peas and exclaiming:—"Is this food good enough for a man earning a penny a day?" Those days are long gone. Gold, as a token, is from year to year losing its purchasing value, and therefore what 30 or 40 years ago would have been considered a high price, is now a low one.

However taking it all in all, the only thing about which we feel confident, because it is a fact, is the strong statistical position for the next three months. About the new crop we are uncertain. Therefore we only recommend purchases of J/A.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Our market has been quiet during the week, and has declined in consequence of the very small demand for spot cotton. Yesterday's sales here, for instance, were given as 50 bales, which consisted practically of two transactions :—12 bales sold by a spinner in one locality, to another, and 15 bales sold by a third spinner to a fourth. This just shows the retail character of present business.

The statistical position is of course as strong as ever.

Our Alexandria friends write that several lots delivered on May contracts there were refused, as not tenderable, and they add that if exports continue at the present rate, the stock at the end of August will not be more than 150,000 to 200,000 cantars, and that mainly consisting of undesirable grades.

Our stock (and afloat) is only 26,450 bales against 76,620 last year.

As regards next season's supply the Alexandria Produce Association in their report just issued confirm that acreage in Lower Egypt is only slightly superior to last year's. Some lateness is reported, but otherwise general conditions seem at present satisfactory.

In spite of the strong statistical position, however, we dare not express any definite opinion while the state of the yarn trade is so unsatisfactory.

J-A :—7. 665d.
O-N :—6. 635d.
N-D :—6. 54d.
J-F :—6. 495d.

Options: nominal for small quantities (exceedingly difficult to trade in).

O-N, single 0·50d. double 1·00d.
J-F, „ 0·50d, „ 1·00d.

EGYPTIAN :—

July, Liverpool :—13d.
November, „ 10·59-64d.
July, Alexandria :—Tall. 25·1-32.
November, „ Tall. 20·25-32.

BERAR MANUFACTURING CO.

The twenty-fifth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above Company was held on Saturday afternoon, at No. 2, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, Mr. Hormusji Nasservanji Gheesta, Chairman of the Board of Direcors, presiding.

The directors' report stated :—Your directors beg to submit their annual report and audited balance-sheet and profit and loss account for the year ending 31st December 1909.

The nett profit of the Company is Rs. 55,043-11-0 including Rs. 97-2-2 brought forward from last year which amount is now available for disposal, and which the directors recommend to appropriate as under :—To be paid as dividend at Rs. 10 per share Rs. 27,500 ; to be carried to next year's account Rs. 27,543-11 ; total, Rs. 55,043-11.

Your directors are pleased to present a somewhat satisfactory report as promised last year, and but for the rates for yarn and cloth which had a declining tendency during the first half of the year, the result would have been much more satisfactory. However having regard to all the adverse circumstances including general trade depression, keen competition and the condition of other up-country mills, they are of opinion that the result is so far satisfactory and will merit the approval of the shareholders.

The fears that were expressed in the report of the preceding year as regards the general depression in trade, the unusually high price of cotton that then prevailed, the increase in wages due to want of labour, the keen competition of the adjacent mills and the stagnation in the demand for cloth have unhappily proved to be too true, and the condition of the mill industry in general at present, as compared with the preceding year is decidedly disconcerting. The average price of raw cotton during the current year as compared with previous year has increased by Rs. 61 per candy. Under the circumstances and in view of the crisis through which the mill industry is now passing, your directors have deemed it expedient to carry forward a large sum to next year's account.

The directors' report and audited balance-sheet, made up to 31st December 1909, were adopted. A dividend of Rs. 10 per share was declared; the appointment of Messrs. Jehanjir Byramji Registrar and Kisongopal Bejnath as directors and Burjorji Cowasji Contractor as an auditor, was confirmed; the retiring directors were re-elected and the auditors were re-appointed.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six-lines or less, and 8 as. for very additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BANDORA.

DEATH.

KANGA—June 27, at Bandora, Bai Dinbai, wife of Dorabji Bhikaji Kanga, Funeral at 1 p.m. to-day.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BEATTY—June 8, at Artaigne Cottage, Mussoorie, the wife of Captain R G Beatty, Army Remount Department, of a son.

LOWTHER—June 10, at Atherstone, Cooncor, the wife of Major H Lowther, 95th Russell's Infantry, I A, of a son.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 4m.; Sun sets, 7h. 19m. ; High water, 2-35m., 3-16a. ; Low water, 8-15m., 9-29a.
Football, Y. M. C. A. vs. R. A., Cooperage, 5-45 p.m.

Maxim : "There is time enough for all work, if you will do it consecutively, but there will not be time enough in the whole year for you to do two things at a time."—JOHN WANAMAKER.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Arabia," with the English Mails of the 17th instant, which left Aden at 1 p. m. on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a.m. on Friday next.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Oceana," leave Bombay harbour at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday.

SEAMENS' INSTITUTE.—A Concert will be given at the above Institute to-morrow (Wednesday) at 8-30 p. m. by the crew of the R. M. S. "Salsette" with the kind permission of the Commander. An attractive programme has been arranged and all seats are free.

LECTURE AT THE Y. M. C. A.—Mr. P. B. Haigh, I. C. S., will read a paper on "The British Factory at Karwar" on Tuesday, July 5th, at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Y. M. C. A. Hall, Wodehouse Road, Fort Admission to non-members of the Y. M. C. A. free by ticket to be obtained from the Secretary.

"WEAVING HISTORICALLY CONSIDERED" is the title of a lecture to be given is the Y. M. C. A. Hall, Fort, on Saturday next, July 2nd, at 9-15 p.m., by Mr. Arthur Mayall (Foundation Member, Textile Institute). The lecture will be illustrated by about forty slides projected by the Y. M. C. A. Electric Lantern, and Miss Margaret Russell will recite. "The Songs of the Button," "The Music of Lahore," and "The song of steam." Admission As. 8.

RATIONALIST ASSOCIATION.—Mr. Joseph McCabe, the ex-Roman Catholic Missionary and well-known Rationalist writer, who is now on a lecturing tour in Australia, intends to visit India in October next and lecture at the important centres. Rationalists who wish to subscribe to the fund which is now being raised to make his visit a success, and know the programme of his tour, should apply to Dr. D'Avoine New Nagpada, who will gladly give all particulars.

BREACH OF TRUST.—Bhica Chandulal, a Hindu merchant, made a report to the police that he had entrusted ornaments valued to the extent of Rs. 25,000, to a person named Ramchandra Luxmon on the 11th instant. Since that date Ramchandra absconded. The police made inquiries and recovered from various Marwaris' shops ornaments worth about Rs. 10,000 which Bhica identified as his own. The police are making inquiries about Ramchandra's whereabouts.

HARVEY MEMORIAL AND ORPHANAGE FOR MAHOMEDAN GIRLS.—The scheme recently formulated by Mr. S. M. Edwardes, I.C.S. Commissioner of Police, Bombay, for providing in Bombay an Orphanage for Mahomedan girls has been receiving support from the Press and the public of Bombay, The stall-keepers and others connected with the Arthur Crawford Market raised a subscription amongst themselves to provide the market with a bust of the late Hon'ble Mr. W. L. Harvey C.I.E. I.C.S., The Committee of the market people after defraying all the expenses of the bust found a balance of Rs. 553, which amount they have forwarded to Mr. Edwardes for the Orphanage Fund, in memory of the late Mr. Harvey. The amount has been gratefully accepted.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut-Colonel S. J. Sarjant, V. D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A Mallandaine, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.), this evening:—

Polka	Friendship	A Muth
Duet (for Cornet & Euphonion)	Excelsior	Balfe
Gavotte	Je Olden Chimes	Batten
Grand Selection	Il Bravo	Mercadante
Valse	Amitie	Waldteufel
Selection	The Gondoliers	Sullivan
Serenata	Love in Idleness	Macbeth

THE BOMBAY TRAMWAYS COMPANY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—You will be pleased to know that the result of appealing to the Tramway Company re the through-service system from the several termini in the City to the Fort, etc. has had the desired effect. The Mazgaon through-service to Grant Road, as well as to Tardeo, has been re-established the latter direct to Sassoon Dock and now the only remaining terminus to be connected with through-service to the Fort is the Mazagaon terminus, where a very large population lives. It is hoped that the residents will soon enjoy a direct service to the Fort as the line is already connected with the main line near the J. J. Hospital. While the Company has been good enough to confer these benefits on the travelling public which are much appreciated, it may as well go just a little further and permit the passengers to get out and take the shortest cut to their destination instead of being compelled to remain in the cars till certain special junctions are reached for a change into another car. This will save the Conductors much time and trouble in continually clipping the tickets in the four columns and will certainly assist the passengers to reach their destination much quicker. Giving and clipping the tickets in a full-loaded car of passengers, demand much care, and attention, and besides, extra care in giving change to almost every passenger before he alights. The Company has received favour from the Bombay Municipality not only to increase the long distance fares but also to attach trailers to the car owing to the great rush for the cars both in the the mornings and evenings;so the Company ought to meet half-way the convenience of the travelling public after the heavy downpour of last Wednesday.—Yours, etc.,

OBSERVER.

DIVINE SERVICE.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

Festival of St. Peter Ap. M.

28th

6-30 p.m.—Choral Evensong.
Sermon by The Rev. A. W. Tawtell.

29th

6-30 a. m.—Holy Eucharist.
7-30 a. m.—Solemn Eucharist.
5-0 p.m.—Evensong.
Alms for S. John's Hospital, Umarkhadi.

THE Hon'ble Mr. Miller leaves to-day and will sail from Bombay on 3rd July. Mr. Carlyle will act as Revenue Member and Mr. MacLagan as Secretary.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, June 27.

The area of disturbed weather which has been for some days off Bombay has moved north-westwards and has disappeared after giving fairly general rain in Gujarat and the extreme South of Rajputana.

The Bombay monsoon should now therefore pass more freely into the interior.

Overhead of the Peninsula rainfall has been fairly general but further South, it has been mostly confined to the West Coast, while in Upper Burma, Assam and Western Sub-Himalayas, it has been local.

Tavoy had four inches, Lashio and Gauhati one and a half, Dibrugarh and Sambalpur one, Chakrata three, Simla and Ambala one, Veraval two, Amroati and Pendra one, Malegaon one and a half, Ratnagiri four, Karwar three and Mercara two.

The Forecast.—Some extension of rainfall in North-West India and an increase in the central parts of the country. The Indian Ocean conditions at Mauritius, Zanzibar and Seychelles have been normal during the past week.

HEAVY RAIN AT SIMLA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, June 27.

It is raining heavily for the past twenty-four hours, and many small landslips have taken place in the station and along the railway line. The hill railway has so far stood the test of the monsoon, and so far there has been no interruptions in the train service this year.

The Meteorological Department at Simla, yesterday, wired to the Port Officer, at Bombay :—

"Storm Signal.—Disturbed area off Guzarat has disappeared. Lower cautionary signal."

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla In Cts	Esplanade In Cts	Fort In Cts	Colaba. In Cts
Previously registered...	23·55	20·63	19·13	19·55
Monday 27th June	1·40	1·85	2·71	1·75
Total......	24·95	22·48	21·84	21·30
Same date last year	16·46	14·84	18·92	12·65

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., CUMBALLA HILL, June 27.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1908.	Corpdg. Total 1909.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.
Cumballa Hill ...	1·10	24·03	14·19	16·42

Appended is Monday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire......	...	...	...	...
Jask	96·8	89·3	...	0·00
Muskat (26th)......	97·3	87·6	...	0·00
Multan......	111·3	94·0	...	0·00
Rawalpindi	104·9	81·9	...	4·16
Lahore	107·9	88·2	...	1·42
Sirsa......	105·3	84·4	...	0·66
Ambala	105·5	73·0	0·90	5·00
Delhi	104·2	84·2	...	0·71
Agra......	102·0	85·5	...	1·09
Mainpuri......	101·3	84·0	...	2·45
Jhansi	...	...	...	...
Cawnpore	98·0	81·5	...	2·24
Allahabad	98·6	82·5	...	1·93
Jacobabad	112·6	92·8	...	0·29
Karachi	96·0	84·0	...	0·05
Ajmer	97·9	87·2	...	3·40
Jaipur	102·2	85·1	...	1·07
Kotah	102·0	82·1	0·32	8·01
Bhuj......	100·1	80·5	...	0·45
Dwarka	...	...	...	...
Veraval	84·1	80·3	2·27	6·47
Rajkot	92·1	77·5	0·02	7·08
Bhavnagar Para......	90·6	79·5	0·03	6·12
Surat	90·6	78·1	0·40	6·92
Ahmedabad......	96·6	79·2	0·17	4·63
Deesa	96·8	79·9	0·10	7·12
Neemuch......	94·0	69·8	0·53	6·38
Indore	87·6	74·1	0·12	8·51
Jubbulpore	83·8	77·3	0·19	6·81
Saugor	91·1	76·5	0·15	3·97
Hoshangabad	88·1	76·9	0·03	6·33
Khandwa......	90·7	76·6	0·02	7·10
Akola	89·7	75·1	0·16	7·71
Amraoti	90·8	73·3	1·16	6·34
Nagpur......	90·6	74·8	0·04	10·26
Chanda	91·5	78·0	0·10	4·56
Raipur......	86·7	75·1	0·19	8·10
Bombay	85·1	77·6	1·75	21·30
Ratnagiri......	83·8	76·9	3·55	27·23
Mormugao	82·5	74·7	1·55	41·54
Karwar	81·3	74·0	2·63	52·85
Malegaon......	89·4	73·6	1·74	10·11
Ahamednagar......	84·4	72·0	0·05	8·90
Poona	85·0	72·8	0·15	7·59
Sholapur	91·3	74·4	...	3·50
Bijapur	87·7	72·7	...	2·21
Belgaum	73·8	66·6	1·50	5·73
Aurangabad......	86·2	72·7	0·15	4·89
Nizamabad (Indur)	92·9	76·7	...	6·22
Hyderabad	90·3	75·7	...	3·33
Mangalore	89·3	70·8	0·85	38·17
Calicut......	80·8	72·6	0·72	30·73
Cochin	84·2	74·3	0·49	27·83
Colombo	86·0	75·0	...	8·45
Masulipatam	97·8	80·2	...	5·45
Bellary	89·0	76·3	...	0·23
Cuddapah	100·2	80·1	...	1·93
Madras......	95·5	83·5	...	1·40
Bangalore	75·3	65·3	0·01	?
Coimbatore	85·4	70·8	...	0·72
Trichinopoly	90·6	79·3	...	0·23
Negapatam	95·0	79·0	...	0·50

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 27th June was 29·610 inches The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 5 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80° F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct in from those given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 27TH JUNE.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Monday, the 27th June, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Ambala reports 0·90" of rain. Skies are moderately clouded at Ambala and Lahore, and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess in the south-west and east Punjab, the minimum is in defect at Ambala, and higher than usual in the south-west and north Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Kotah records 0·32" of rain. Skies are clear in upper Sind and lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess at Kotah, and normal or in defect elsewhere. Day temperature is in excess at Karachi and Jaipur ; the minimum is above normal, except at Karachi and Kotah.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Deesa records 0·10" of rain, Ahmedabad 0·17", Surat 0·40", Veraval 2·27", and Indore 0·12". Skies are generally heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Temperature is nearly normal.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general, but light. Saugor has had 0·15", Jubbulpore and Raipur 0·19", Akola 0·16", Amraoti 1·16", and Chanda 0·10". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is normal.

The Konkan.—Rainfall [illegible] been general ; Bombay has had 1·75", Ratn[illegible]i 3·55", Mormugao 1·55", and Karwar 2·63". Skies are heavily overcast. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Malegaon records 1·74" of rain, Poona and Aurangabad 0·15" and Belgaum 1·50". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity and temperature are nearly normal.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been general on the west coast of the Peninsula and nearly so in the central parts of the country, Gujarat, and on the Kathiawar Coast. Isolated showers have fallen in the east Punjab and south Rajputana. The precipitation has been heavy in Konkan but has decreased elsewhere, being now only light in the Central Provinces. The depression in the north-east Arabian Sea appears to have almost filled up.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula, in Gujarat and Kathiawar ; and local rain in the central parts of the country and the Deccan. A few showers may occur in Rajputana.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

HIGH COURT.—JUNE 28.

(Before the Hon Mr Justice DAVAR.)
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Testamentary Suit.

17-09 Wadia C. and Co. Bapuji Nuserwanji Vatchaghandy vs. Sorabji Ardeshir Vatchaghandy. Shroff D and D. Part heard.

Long Causes.

73-10 Thakerdas and Co Fahmabai vs Mohiniba widow and others, Khunderao L and M Smitham B and Co.
276-09 Mulla and M Aishabai vs Haji Umar Haji Adam, Little and Co., Matubhoy J and M.
502 07 Smitham, B and Co., the Advocate-General of Bombay and another vs Dayabhoy Tapidas and others Raghavaya B and N Edgelow G W and Co.
1000-09 Captain and V Nagardas Dalcharam A firm vs Chunilal Pitamber.
158-10 Captain and V Nagardas Dalcharam a firm vs Chunilal Pitamber Jamshedji R and D.

(Before The Hon Mr Justice BEAMAN).
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Short Causes.

382·09 Thakurdas and Co Govindjee Madhowjee vs Duidas Vandravandas and another Edgelow G W and Co.
860-09 Payne and Co Jeewandas Muljee and Co a firm vs N M Marshall Matubhai J and M.
1108-09 Raghavaya B and N Gordhandas Girdhardas a firm vs. B Keshwa Ayengar.
53·10 Ardeser H D and Co Kassum Noor Mahomed vs Hajee Adam Abdlatiff.
103-10 Smetham B and Co Samuel Weiss vs F Fisher and Co a firm and another Thakurdas and Co.
144-10 Bhaishunker K and G Kanjee Sunderjee vs Umer Peermahomed.
179-10 Tyabjee D and Co Uttamchand Ramgopal a firm vs Suetansing Nihalsing Molvi H M and R.
209 10 Dadachanjee vs. Poeba Bai Manibai vs. Nawabzadah Nasrulakhan.
275-10 Jehangir G and B Ruttonbai widow and another vs Goculdas Dharmsey and others Thakurdas and Co.
362-10 Smetham B and Co. Derabjee Eduljee Antia vs. Vilarbai widow and another Bhaishunker K and G.
372·10 Motichand and D Shivlal Maganlal vs. Laldas Kersondas.
487-10 Nava H and Co. The Queen Spinning and Weaving Co. Ltd., vs. Abdool Hooseen Abdool Karim and others Jehangir M and S.

For Decree Absolute.

803-09 Wadia G and Co Tribhowandas Varjiwandas vs Sundeabai D J Mantri.
518-07 Bhaishunker K and G Goculdas Motichand vs Framjee Dorabjee Ghaswala Pestonjee R K and Co.

For Consent Decree.

631-09 Jamsetjee R and D Sadanand Vinayek Harichandur vs Moreshwar Harichandra and others Hiralal and Co.

Long Causes.

397-09 Smitham B and Co James J Ballantine vs J F Karaka and Co a firm Jamshedji R Patel and Co.
1071-09 Jamshedji R & D Abdool Hoosein Moosaji Poonawalla vs Sapurji Cooverji Mistry Mulla and M Malvi M H and R Nuthmull Govendram and others vs Joshi Narmandashunker and another Hiralal and Co.
143-08 In person Y G Jugonathdas vs N Sadadas and another In person.
25856-09 Malvi, H M and R Nuthmull Govind rao and others vs Joshi Narmadashanker and others Hiralal and Co.
1095-09 Smitham B and Co Shriput Devias Kulkarni vs The General Assurance Society Ld of Ajmeer and Co Jehangir M and S.
606 08 Jehangir M and S G Vinayek vs Waman Samrao and another Shamrao M and H.
1188-09 Captain and V Mahomed Haji Bana vs Mahomed Alli Dossabhoy Thakerdas and Co.
1-10 Madhowji K and Co P Sursing vs Tricumdas Hirji and others Malvi H M and R Thakerdas and Co.
1028-08 Bhaisanker K and G K Saganchand A firm vs N: Cursetji and Co a firm.
412-07 Payne and Co Ramkissondas Balkissondas vs Tulsidas Nibhalchand and another Jamshedji R and D.
645-08 T A Ghandy K Bapudas Luxmondas vs Tulsidas Kompenta Salmis G and Co.
83-09 T A Ghandy The Advocate General of Bombay vs Hirashanker Girjashanker and another In person Raghavaya B and N.
70-08 Matubhoy J and M Hoosain Allana and others vs Mahomed Noor Mahomed and others Pestonji R K and Co.
140-07 Tyabji D and Co Moosa Haji Essa and others vs Jooma Sale Mahomed and others Kanga and S
550-08 Munchersha and N V Bechardas vs Alarakhia Khan Mahomed.
108 08 Bicknell M and R Salebhoy K Bordawalla vs Tayebhoy Nansaji and others S B Mehta.
884-07 Bicknell M and R Narandas Thakersey Mulji vs Cursetji Jamshedji Unwalla Hiralal and Co Bicknell M and R.
742-08 Bicknell M and R Kaji Ismail bin Kazi Goolam Ally Mahari vs Abdool Miya alias Dadamiya Haji Bhaisanker K and G.
103-08 Tyabji D and Co T Surdarmal and others vs Hariram Savantram Payne and Co.
81-08 Kanga and S Vijibai widow vs Goculdas Madhowji a firm Little and Co.
34-10 Motichand and D Dawoodbhai Jiwajee vs Khatizabai widow and others Jehangir M and S Moti and D.
41-10 Captain and V Rustomjee Eduljee Dadachanjee vs Sulleman Hajee Husein and others Thakurdas and Co.
58-10 Ardeshir H D and Co Aziza Monassh and another vs Monasseh Jacob Monassh and another Little and Co.
45-10 Mehta and D Keshuchand Pragjee vs Abdool Rassool Alibhai the firm Matubhoy J and M.

(Before the PROTHONOTARY.)
For Investigation of Pauperism.

3-10 In Person Pandoo Sambhoo vs Gangabai widow Sabnis and G Part heard.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY CAPTAIN H.E.E. PROCTER, A. D. C., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 28th June.

SCHOOL OF ARMS.

There will be Drill at the Town Hall to-day, Tuesday the 28th instant from 6 p.m.

D. W. WILSON, Lieut.,
Actg. Adjt., Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 23th June.

491. Rifle Meeting.—The S. I. R. Meeting will be held at Bangalore from 5th to 17th September 1910. Prospectus may be seen at Head-Quarters.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

Two battleships, six protected cruisers, eighteen destroyers and six submarines are, according to a telegram from Lisbon, to be built by the Portuguese Government at an estimated cost of £6,100,000.

This elder brother evidently knows how to play doctor, in real earnest. He knows about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. His mother told him. Her mother told her, and her grandmother's mother told her mother. It's the one standard cough medicine for children

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

is entirely free from narcotics or poison of any kind. It is the great remedy the world over for colds, coughs, croup, whooping-cough, influenza, la grippe, and all bronchial complaints.

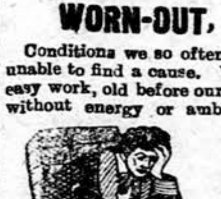
Accept no substitute or cheap and worthless imitation. Be sure you get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Put up in large and small bottles.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

TIRED, WORN-OUT, RUN DOWN.

Conditions we so often find in, and so often are we unable to find a cause. We grow tired over ordinarily easy work, old before our time, listless and lifeless and without energy or ambition. Appetite grows poor sleepless nights are passed no desire for work or pleasure. Then troubles of the nerves, the head, the stomach, liver, bowels, blood, in fact, the entire system is undermined and overcome. Such an array of system is appalling—but liability of same is certainty. Blood and nerve diseases are silent and insidious and do deadly work with little warning. At the first sign of the smallest symptom of nerve disorder get in touch with that King of all remedies.—



Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls.

Their marvellous curative effects are manifested from the first day of their administration by a remarkable increase of nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of courage, strength and comfort. Digestion is invigorated, appetite increases wonderfully, bowels becomes regular, countenance clear and ruddy, the eyes bright, sight improved, the step and gait again elastic and determined, the temper cheerful, the brain again active, memory tenacious, bodily nourishment increased and energy restored.

FREE.—In order to prove the abovementioned effects a trial bottle lasting for two days will be forwarded post paid to any person sending two annas postage stamps. Read these evidences.

J. R. Gaikwad, Mamlatdar of Sakri, writes that 'Please send two bottles of Prof. James' Electro Tonic Pearls by V. P. P. as soon as possible. They give good effects."

Mr. J. C. Britto from Ponda, writes that—"Prof James' Electro-Tonic Pearls did me more good than all other medicine or Pills, or the most marvellous Electric belt, that would be produced. Please send immediately two bottles of it.'

M. N. Venkataramier, Pleader from Kulitala, writes that I feel some good effect from Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls. Kindly send one more bottle of it, per V. P. P."

Santokhsingh, B.A., Law Professor, Police Training College Moradabad, writes: "I have tried two bottles of Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls and have found them very useful. Please send two more bottles of it, per V. P. P."

Please write clearly.

Price, Rs. 2 per bottle of 40 Pills.
3 Bottles Rs. 5-8-0. V. P. P. extra.

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THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO
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Druggist and Chemists

FULLER FULLER FULLER

BICHROMATE BATTERY CHARGING

You connect the Accumulator at night, it is Fully charged in the morning.

Worldwide Unsolicited Testimonials.

"As a convenient means for charging Motor, Bicycle or Car Accumulators at home, the new sets introduced by Messrs. Fuller of Wick Lane Works, Bow, London, would be hard to beat."—"The Motor."

Fuller Accumulator, Trembler and non-Trembler Patent High Speed Coils.

Fuller Magnetos, High Tension Standard and Self Starting Model, Made Five Worlds Records.

Fuller Leclenche Combination, Dry, Latent, Motor Capsule and Universal Batteries, Fuller Fans, Fuller Test Lamps, Carriage Electric Lamps, Switches, Volt and Ampere Meters, Wires and all Electric Ignitialities and Motor Accessories.

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An effervescing combination of the Tonic, Alterative and Laxative Salts similar to the celebrated Bitter Waters of Europe, fortified by the addition of Lithia and Sodium Phosphate. It stimulates the liver, tones intestinal glands, purifies the alimentary tract, improves digestion, assimilation and metabolism. Especially valuable in Rheumatism, Gout, Billious Attacks and Constipation Most efficient in eliminating toxic products from intestinal tract or blood, and correcting vicious or impaired functions.

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

R I M S Lapwing...Lt Comdr MacLean...Royal Navy
R I M S Hardinge......Comdr Farewell.........R I M
R I M S Northbrook ..Comdr J Marsack ....R I M S
R I M S Dufferin......Comdr A J Marsack .. ..R I M
R I M S Investigator...Comdr W Y Beauchamp..... Survey Street
R I M S Polinarus ..Comdr Taylor ....R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—June 27.

Assaye	4359	Jones	P & O S N & Co
Beme	1893	Barrand	Shaw, Wallace & Co
Clematis	2368	Robinson	Andrew Ziel & Co
Den of Ruthven	3110	Thomson	Killick Nixon & Co
Dwarka	759	Moxon	M M & Co
Feliciana	2765	Falck	T Morrison & Co
Harport	2593	Lamb	T Morrison & Co
Harpenden	2302	Cromack	Andrew Yuel & Co
Lhasa	950	McDiarmid	M M & Co
Linga	951	Cutbush	M M & Co
Megna	772	Maude	M M & Co
Najmi	2522	Hallet	E & A M Jeewanji
Nowshera	1961	Rose	M M & Co
Nizam	2041	McGonnell	T Morrison & Co
Orissa	3525	Kedslie	M M & Co
Oceana	3155	Ryder	W & A Graham & Co
Quirimba	4937	Smith	M M & Co
Rehmania	1872	Coats	B & P S N & Co
Shah Jehan	2566	Born	B & H S N & Co
Saifi	502	Willoughley	B & H S N & Co
Springburn	3173	Crosthwaite	W&A Graham & Co
Strathdee	2810	Mason	Shaw Wallace & Co
Strathairly	2783	MacMahon	W & A G & Co
Vadala	2164	Ramage	M M & Co
Cowno	3155	Falla	......
Gresham	2417	Thompson	W &A Graham & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—June 27.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A	Chybassa	3991	Wadge	Antwerp	4-7	M M & Co
B	Warturm	3127	Stephens	Hamburg	29 6	W & A Graham & Co
C&R	City of Glasgow	4179	Greenhorn	Karachi	6 7	Killick Nixon & Co
F	Himalaia	3152	Scopinich	Hamburg	7 7	T Morrison & Co
G	Naderi	1169	Gore	P Gulf	29 6	B & P S N & Co
H	Badric	1613	Collinson	Aden	1 7	G Jewaji & Sons
K	Crossby	2531	Wamsley	Manchester	1 7	W&A Graham & Co
M	Lawada	3269	Lane	Calcutta	2 7	M M & Co
N	Sandsend	6450	Clark	M'borough	7 7	W & A Graham & Co
O	Harmonic	1826	Rai	Antwerp	1 7	W & A Graham & Co
P	Gleneden	3018	Graham	Baltimore	29 6	R A Willis
Q	Radiant	1845	Stuart	Philadelphia	30 6	R A Willis
	VICTORIA DOCK.					
1	Bingo Maru	3873	Parsons	Kobe	1 7	N Y Kaisha
2	Homayun	2151	Molony	Jeddah	2 7	B & P S N & Co
3	Magdala	3133	Lamond	Rotterdam	2 7	J Mackintosh & Co
4	Newby Hall	2241	Parker	Liverpool	2 7	Killick Nixon & Co
4	Dwarka	759	Moxen	Busreh	30 6	M M & Co
5	Kintail	2252	Griffiths	Calcutta	29 6	Killick Nixon & Co
7	China	3868	Berguglian	Trieste	1 7	A L S & Co
12&13	Oceana	3507	Bruce	London	2-7	P & O S N & Co
15	Fakhri	2555	Revill	Mauritius	30 6	B & H S N Co
	M W D D					
	Salsette	2391	Lewallin	Aden	9 7	P & O S N & Co
	H W P D					
	Netravati	699	Cassum	Karachi	28 6	Bo S N Co Ld
	Sabarmati	524	Mahomed	M'goa	29 6	Bo S N Co Ld
	Ponani	552	Hoosein	B'nager	28 6	Bo S N Co Ld

ARRIVALS.

June	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
27	Dwarka	Moxon	Buschra
	Strathairly	MacMahon	Calcutta, June 15
	Assaye	Jones	Shanghai, June 7

DEPARTURES.

June	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
27	Bassano	Boxhall	Hull

The following vessels began to local on Monday.
Steamer Dwarka for Persian Gulf.
" Assaye for China.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P & O steamer Arcadia left Hongkong at 1 p.m. on 25th June.

The Florio and Rubattino S N Co's steamer Ischia from Hongkong left Penang on the 25th instant for Colombo and Bombay.

DAILY EXPORTS—JUNE 27.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Newby Hall s—23 bales wool, M Balia; 39 bales goat hair and 19 bales wool, A H Bundally.

FOR LONDON.

Oceana s—12 cases bristles, J A Begbie and Co; 17 1-2 cwts fishmaws, K N Mianee and Co; 196 cwts chutney, F Nowroji; 5 bales carpets Fleming Shaw and Co; 47 bales carpets, King, King and Co; 1 bale carpets, Latham and Co; 123 bales skins, E D Sassoon and Co; 28 bales skins H O and H Moosa; 6 bales skins, H A Oomer; 187 cwts mother of pearl shells, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR NEW YORK.

Oceana s—5 bales carpets, Latham and Co; 7 bales carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co.

Warturm s—6 cwts kachoora, Nusserwanji Bros and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Oceana s—2,000 cwts linseed, S Cooverji and Co,

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Oceana s—4 1-2 cwts mica, Cox's Shipping Agency Ld.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chybassa s—110 bales cotton, Walter Pavri and Co; 200 bales sawri cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 4,000 cwts linseed, M Valabhdas.

Hurmonic s—1,180 cwts tin clipping, The Asiatic Petroleum Co Ld.

Magdala s—8,000 cwts linseed, L Drefuse and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Himalaya s—390 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 275 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 1,126 cwts wheat flour, R K Miller.

Warturm s—72 cwts olibanum, P Jaithabhoy; 3.000 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros; 406 cwts myrabollams, T Canji; 26 cwts bablahseed, Metha Bros and Co; 203 cwts gum, G Sojpal; 110 bales cotton fly, H E Bode and Sons.

FOR GENOA.

Harmonic s—2,041 cwts linseed, T Memraz.

FOR TRIESTE.

China s—1,370 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 10 bales twist, Kahn and Kahn; 145 cwts gum olibanum, M Jafferbhoy; 336 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co.

FOR VENICE.

China s—300 bales cotton J A Begbie and Co; 410 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 300 bales cotton, S Framji and Co: 200 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co; 1,529 cwt linseed, M Valabhdas; 900 bales cotton, A Blaschek and Co; 100 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co.

FOR ODESSA.

China s—75 cwt olibanum and 40 cwt turmeric, E Sultanally; 875 cwt olibanum, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bingo Maru s—200 cwt wheat, G Purshotam; 2-1-4 cwt ivory, M Cassam.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Assaye s—350 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Bingo Maru s—64 cwt gum A Allarakhia and Co 200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros 100 bales cotton' D D Curranee and Co; 509 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

FOR OSAKA.

Bingo Maru s—200 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

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Chester, 125 deg	5	0	2	"
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg	4	12	2	"
Monkey, 125 deg	4	8	2	"
Elephant, 125 deg	4	3	0	per two tins.
" 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3	9	0	per 8 gallons.

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*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Tuesday, 28th June, 1910.

RAILWAY BOARD AND WHEAT ELEVATORS.

THE report of the Railway Board Committee, dealing with only one phase of a very important commercial question, gives rise to a feeling of regret that the matter was not considered on a wider basis by a more representative tribunal. It is true that the subject of inquiry was narrowed down to the Punjab-Karachi traffic in wheat, but as the question has as great an interest for the local Government as for the Railway authorities it seems a pity that advantage was not taken of the opportunity to secure a fuller discussion and deeper consideration than the matter appears to have received. Issued under the *imprimatur* of the Railway Board the conclusions arrived at in the report must be received with respect though it is difficult to follow the arguments which support them, especially in regard to the replies to questions Nos. 1 and 2, the former being the causes of the present rushes of wheat traffic from the Punjab to Karachi, and the latter, the possibility of developing a steady wheat traffic throughout the year. The Committee are of opinion that the two questions are corelated, the answer to both being found in the fact that owners of wheat are forced to sell to obtain money to meet their financial requirements and also that Indian wheat is particularly required in England during certain months to meet the deficiency in imports from other wheat-producing countries. As stocks are low and the demand greatest at this time, prices are generally speaking at their highest, thus furnishing the strongest possible inducement to sell. It is somewhat remarkable that none of the three reasons above given accord with published information on the subject, or with the experience of the present and former years.

As regards the pressing financial reasons which compel the holder of Indian wheat to export his stock during the months of May, June and July, the experience of 1904-05 may be quoted when the exports of November, December and January, exceeded those for May, June and July. In the present year it is reported that the great bulk of the wheat crop is being held up on the chance of a possible "failure" of the monsoon and that Karachi expects only about one-third of the quantity of export wheat for which preparation has been made which will necessarily entail loss to the railway and the port. It would, therefore, appear that when it suits him to do so, the Indian owner can hold up his wheat and that the reason assigned by the Committee for the spasmodic rush of export wheat to the ports during May, June, and July is only partially correct. The argument that Indian wheat must be exported during May, June and July to supply the deficiency experienced in England owing to diminished imports from other wheat producing countries during the particular period in question also fails when confronted with the figures published by the Commercial Intelligence Department. The foregoing months' exports from India correspond with arrivals in England during July, August and September, and statistics show that other wheat exporting countries, if not quite as busy as India, are by no means in the quiescent condition assumed by the report. On the contrary the imports from the United States and Canada exceed those from India for the three months in question, and during the particular month of July Indian imports are exceeded, by those from the United States, and Canada from Argentine and Chile, and from Russia and other European countries. India heads the list in August corresponding with the maximum exports of June, but even then only accounts for 31 per cent. of total imports. It is difficult, therefore, to account for the impression arrived at by the Committee that Indian imports of May, June and July, arriving on the English market in July, August and September fill a void created by deficient supplies from other countries. The demand for Indian wheat in August and September is probably due to the fact that the English wheat of the new crop coming upon the market during those months is very moist, and millers require a dry wheat to mix with it, for which purpose Indian wheat is specially adapted. An examination of the home market prices for the years 1903-07 does not support the conclusion of the Committee that Indian wheat is timed to reach the English market when stocks are low and prices high. The English price of white Karachi wheat in July and August for the period named was below the average and only rose above it in September by one per cent. The highest average prices ruled from October to December, and as the average price of Liverpool futures was also at its highest during the same three months, the contention that Indian wheat comes in on the top of the English market cannot be sustained.

The remaining conclusions are little more satisfactory than those already dealt with, principally due to the very restricted purview of the inquiry, but we are glad to note that a terminal elevator for Karachi is contemplated and that additions to wagon stock in anticipation of an expansion of the wheat export trade which the Committee foreshadow are recommended to be adoptable to bulk transport. It is considered that the provision of a suitable elevator at Karachi would have the effect of increasing the capacity of the port, besides lessening the detention to which railway rolling-stock is at present subjected, and it is probable that early steps will be taken to decide upon the accommodation required. On the question of storage the Committee maintain a very conservative attitude: they are of opinion that there is sufficient storage in the country for present stocks of wheat, and that the rush of traffic to the ports during the months of April, May and June is not caused by deficiency of storage accommodation. They, however, contemplate, that with increase of irrigated areas, due to canal projects at present in hand, there may at no distant date ensue a material addition to present crops and exports, in which case an improvement upon present accommodation would become necessary. Although a satisfactory type of storage could be provided apart from elevators, the Committee are of opinion that elevators would be the most efficient, so long as the need for such storage was accompanied by an alteration in the present numerous small ownerships, together with a change of dealing with the wheat from bags to bulk. They do not, however, recognise that the railways should provide such elevator accommodation; on the contrary they appear to think that if the railways provide sufficient stacking ground for one week's forwardings it is as much as can reasonably be expected. It is not clear that they would recommend covered storage as they make use of the term "simple plinth accommodation" which would imply a platform sufficiently raised to be above surface drainage but not necessarily roofed. This recommendation is in accord with other recent cheeseparing recommendations, and its wisdom may be doubted; it is not in accord with the practice of other civilised countries, and although Indian conditions differ from those of other countries in many important respects there is, we think, room for reconsideration of the present proposal. There must necessarily be a fuller reconsideration of the whole subject in all its bearings, and until this can take place the present report may be shelved. It already appears to have concealed itself with considerable success for nearly a year. It might without great loss have remained in obscurity for a much longer period.

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TO FRANCE AND BACK. THE Cross Channel flight of Mr. C. S. Rolls, of which we had telegraphic information a fortnight ago, was performed, according to the fuller details now to hand with the ease to be expected from that intrepid and well-qualified aeronaut. Mr. Rolls holds so many records for sport and work in different directions that it is only what we would have expected when we find him doubling the records of M. Bleriot and M. de Lesseps by flying across the Channel and back again in one journey doing the double transit, including a circuit over Sangatte, during which he dropped three duplicate messages in weighted envelops, and describing a circuit over Dover Castle before landing, all in 90 minutes of a June afternoon. The least glory of this deed is the prize cup, worth 2,000 francs, presented by Messrs. Ruinart Pere et Fils, the great wine-merchants, for a Cross-Channel flight. The unfavourable weather which dogs the steps of aeronauts as vexatiously as any other travellers, delayed Mr. Rolls for days and kept him hanging about Dover, with his aeroplane and its machinery in a shed, ready to be released if wind and weather abated. At half-past five on the 2nd of June, the wind died away, the French cliffs detached themselves from the mists on the horizon, and Mr. Rolls, ever alert to make use of the opportunity of a fair hour, ordered out his biplane, sent word to Dover by motor-car that he was about to start on his flight so that the tugs which were to follow him by water should be at their stations. By the time he took his seat in his aeroplane, crowds, among whom were Lord and Lady Llangaltock, had assembled to see him begin his flight. At 6.30, amid encouraging shouts, Mr. Rolls swept through the air, floated over the Duke of York's School buildings and the cliffs near them at a height of 600 feet, thence he rose to 800 feet, the aeroplaning seeming to make an easy flight at a good speed, with the grace of a bird. The piers and seafront of Dover were black with people. After clearing the coast, Mr. Rolls mounted another 100 feet in the air, pursued his way and was soon well in advance of the three torpedo boats. Dover folk could see the aeroplane by 6-45 as a mere speck in the distance and they lost it altogether as it neared the French coast. Naturally they gave up any idea of seeing Mr. Rolls return in it, but as they lingered gazing away into the evening mists where the aeronaut had disappeared, they spied a black speck at 7.40 that quickly resolved itself into the biplane that had left the Coast of Kent little more than an hour before. The excitement that it caused and the cheers that greeted its re-appearance can be easily imagined; vessels in the harbour blew their syrens as the air-craft flew over them making a straight course for the cliffs, 1,000 feet above them. Then Mr. Rolls circled easily over the town and round the aviation ground, bringing his machine to earth in perfect control, 60 yards from the shed. Royal Garrison Artillery men were ready to join hands round the aeroplane to keep off the crowd, while Mr. Rolls stepped calm and happy from his seat, raising his hat to acknowledge the vociferous cheers of the spectators. Then, carried on the shoulders of the soldiers to his motor-car, he drove off.

When Mr. Rolls was approaching the French Coast, a member of the Royal Aero Club and a special correspondent, who had waited many evenings and mornings to greet and guide him, waved a white sheet when the advent of the aeroplane was detected at 6-58. The aeronaut altered his course a little, apparently in response to this flag, but as Mr. Rolls explained later because of a wind rising which made Sangatte a safer destination than Calais. He passed the coast line at 7-5, went on inland for three miles, circled round in a north-westerly direction and at a height of 1,000 feet sailed out to sea again, amid the enthusiastic shouts of the French people assembled, having in his circling dropped his weighty messages. Over the spot where the sunken Pluviose lay quiescent while operations for its salvage were proceeding Mr. Rolls was wafted in full security. The sun was setting, making a magnificent burnished display in the heavens, mingled with "the tenderest hues of green, blue, orange, and mauve," against which the aeroplane showed up, "alone in the great expanse." Some trembled who knew the vagaries of a motor, especially as the torpedo boats, were hopelessly outdistanced. Just when Mr. Rolls disappeared again over the Dover cliffs in the evening haze, the Calais and Dover lighthouses began to twinkle, the trip being practically over with sundown. Mr. Rolls, giving an account of his flight said most of it was made at an altitude of 1,000 feet, his engine working perfectly all the time. He could see Calais from the moment he left Dover, so clear was the atmosphere, so that steering was easy. Not so returning, for three parts of that transit Dover Castle was invisible and the course had to be shaped by the sun. The success of his flight is another record for Mr. Rolls, made, too, in his usual quiet unassuming manner, without flourish of trumpet or waving of flags.

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AN OVER-LOOKED DEPARTMENT. IT may not be generally known that in the decade ending 1904 the death-rate among British troops in India was 17 per 1,000. Since then it has steadily declined until in 1909 it reached the marvellously low figure of 6 per 1,000, fractions omitted. The hospital admissions, constantly sick, and invaliding rates, all show enormous reduction, the nett saving being 600 lives and an addition to the effective strength of some 2,400 men per annum. But further, up to date this year, there are fifty fewer deaths than even last year's splendid record, which was 179 deaths better than ever before, and also 250 entries, and four hundred malaria less than 1909. Is exceptionally heathy conditions the explanation? No, because it has been progressive since 1904, and there is no such improvement in other sections of the community, including the Native Army Can we be suspected of juggling with figures? Again, no; it is impossible to juggle with deaths anyhow. There they are and that is the end of it. In the whole history of the British Army in India no critic, however severe, can put his finger on any fact which is of more far-reaching import than this—humanitarian, economic and every other way. To whom is the credit due for this, the greatest sanitary triumph in history? Entirely to the Royal Army Military Corps; to them and to them only. Quietly, unostentatiously, and enthusiastically, they have carried on the good work up to the attainment of these wonderful results. Moreover, they have done it without increasing the financial burden. And the reward? Look at Saturday's Honours' List, and at those for a year or two back. Naturally, it might be expected that the lists would be teeming with the names of men who, by their zeal, skill and devotion, have brought about this great thing. Of course, Government has showered honours upon them in grateful appreciation. Not at all. No name of any R.A.M.C. man has appeared either this year or last, except for the nebulous honour of I. H. S. The K.C.B's, K.C.S.I.'s and even the humbler C.I.E.'s are reserved for the great army of Simla servants, or the plutocracy which is in a position to pay for recognition. Still, as we have said before, it is perhaps a greater distinction to have no decoration,

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THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Arabia" with the outward Mails of the 17th instant, left Aden at 1 p.m. on Sunday and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 6 a. m. on Friday next.

THE RAILWAY Board have sanctioned the cost of interlocating the Palamau Station yard, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

THE monsoon does not appear to be very active over the North of the Bay of Bengal. The rainfall over Bengal and Eastern Bengal has been light, and confined to southern districts only.

IT is now almost decided that Messrs. Octovius Steel and Coy. of Calcutta will take over the charge of the local electric light supply from the Dacca Electric Light Trust which will dissolve in November next.

THE goods Traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 4th June 1910, shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1909 of 591,057 maunds and Rs. 45,137 in the earnings.

ON the return from leave of Mr. H. C. Gadsden, Deputy Commissioner, Rangoon Police, is posted in charge of the Police Training School, Mandalay, relieving Mr. W. W. Forbes, who goes on leave. Mr. E. C. Shutleworth continues as Deputy Commissioner of the Rangoon Police.

MR. LLOYD, Under Secretary of the Government of India, Home Department, proceeds on six months' sick leave from 1st proximo, thereafter reverting to service under the Burma Government. Mr. V. Dawson (Eastern Bengal and Assam) will succeed him as Under Secretary, Home Department.

UNDER THE SOUTHERN CROSS.

FEDERAL POLITICS.

Lady Dudley's Nursing Scheme.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

*MELBOURNE, JUNE 13.

A MEETING of the Opposition will probably be held in about a fortnight, to consider a number of matters in reference to the new Parliament. Mr. Deakin will, it is understood, be unanimously elected leader of the party. Mr. Millen will lead the Senate, and an effort is being made to induce Mr. Fuller, who was Minister for Home Affairs in the late Ministry, to act as whip in the House of Representatives, whilst Mr. Chataway will in all probability be again chosen whip in the Senate. That the Opposition intends to exercise great vigilance is evidenced by the fact that some of the leading members from New South Wales and the other States are taking houses in Melbourne for the session. Strenuous times are anticipated and they want to be constantly on the spot. Mr. Kelly, who was one on the best Whips the Commonwealth Parliament has known, as understood to be very desirous that Mr. Fuller should accept that position. The Labour caucus will meet on June 21, when Mr. Poynton will be definitely selected as Chairman of Committees in the House of Representatives. The Senate appointments will also then be finally decided, and there is a general impression that Mr. Turley will be elected for one of the positions in that House.

BUSH NURSING.

The Governor-General and Lady Dudley have issued some details of the bush nursing proposal, the complete scheme of which will not be ready for some weeks. This they have done in the hope that aid in the shape of funds may be speedily forthcoming. According to the details published the objects of the proposed District Nursing Association for Australia are:—(1) To extend the existing system of district nursing as far as possible throughout the Commonwealth in rural as well as urban districts; (2) To make it as far as possible financially self-supporting by means of a large endowment fund and by local subscriptions; and (3) To maintain a uniform and high standard of qualifications in district nursing, and also as far as possible to improve the condition of the people from a physical, sanitary and hygienic point of view. The machinery by which it is suggested the work can best be guided is the creation of:—(1) A central body having supreme control over the organisation throughout the Commonwealth. This body will fix all essentials, which are of general application, and take care that the nurses employed, are properly trained and inspected, and that a high standard of efficiency is maintained; (2) A body in each State to carry out the general policy with modifications to meet local conditions; (3) Local bodies consisting of those who interest themselves in securing the services of a nurse for any special district, whose duty it will be to see that in that district the nurse's duties are properly discharged and that nothing is done to make a wrong use of her services.

LADY DUDLEY'S HELPERS.

By the courtesy of Her Excellency the Countess of Dudley, an interview was arranged by a representative of the Melbourne "Argus" with Mr. Harold Boulton and Miss Amy Hughes, the experts whom Lady Dudley persuaded to accompany her from Great Britain in order to assist her in formulating and launching an Australian scheme for the extension of district nursing to bush districts. Miss Hughes is the general superintendent, and Mr. Boulton, the honorary treasurer and vice-Chairman of the Queen Victoria's Jubilee Institute for Nurses, an enormous organisation, controlling a capital fund of nearly £200,000, and administering an annual income of £12,000 and devoted to the furtherance of a general scheme for the nursing of the sick poor in all parts of the United Kingdom. Of the knowledge and experience of two such persons no one can have a shadow of doubt; but the question naturally arises, how far is such knowledge and experience of value when dealing with Australian conditions, which must necessarily be very different from those obtaining in an old and settled land? The question was put to Mr. Boulton and Miss Hughes, who appreciated its significance fully. "We have no desire to assume any special knowledge of your conditions," Mr. Boulton said. "That is the reason why it is not possible just yet to publish the details of the scheme which we are assisting to draw up. It is necessary to submit the scheme to persons with special knowledge in each State, in order that modifications which are adviceable to make it applicable to all parts of Australia may be made. Then, too, Miss Hughes and I will visit some of the bush districts, in order to ascertain how far the needs there resemble those with which we are familiar, and how far they will require special and peculiar provision.

THE SCHEME IS AN AUSTRALIAN SCHEME,

and will be launched in all the States simultaneously." "Then, too," said Miss Hughes, "the conditions under which some of our nurses work are perhaps not so very different from yours as you imagine. There are parts of Ireland, for example, where the isolation is very great, and the circumstances of the people terrible." "In Connemara and Donegal," Miss Hughes went on, "there are such places as this; a little settlement of four houses, where Irish is practically the only language; isolated homes, four and five miles out, round-about hills and bogs between, with hardly tracks across them; the nearest doctor 30 miles away. The cabins are very primitive; you may find the cattle accommodated alongside the wall of the house, and the chickens clacking all over the room. I went to such a cabin, when the nurse was on duty elsewhere, and an urgent message came to her from a woman who had cut her leg badly with a sickle. The doctor could not be got—indeed, it was two days before he could get round to this case—so I took the nurse's bag and went off on foot, with the little girl who had brought the message as guide. When we left the high road she removed her shoes because it was easier to cross the boggy, rough country barefooted. The cabin was some four miles off. When we got there the little girl, between nervousness and the sight of the wound, was so terrified that she fled. I was left to manage alone. The patient had not a word of English, nor I a word of Irish, so I had to ask for all I wanted by a sort of dumb show. I found that the wound had been tied up with a lot of green leaves, but I managed to dress it, and although the doctor did not get there for two days, it went on all right." "Achill Island is another of these isolated places," said Mr. Boulton. "Yes," Miss Hughes went on, "to get to it our nurses used to have to cross two arms of the sea. There are similar places now where they have to wade over at low tide; or sometimes a pony will be brought, and they will cross riding behind the man on the pony. And there are places where the nurse has almost to be hoisted uphill, pushed from behind and pulled from in front. There are parts of Scotland, too, such as Glencoe, where the nurses have great distances and very rough country to traverse. I think that perhaps out here you do not realise how great some of our distances are, and what isolation there can be in parts of the United Kingdom." "And then the organising work," Miss Hughes continued, "is just what we went through at the outset in England. It seems absurd now that we ever thought it difficult, all the differences, and jealousies, and initial stumbling blocks have completely disappeared, and everything has come right so smoothly and well." "And the cost of all this work, Mr. Boulton?" "You have it set out here very clearly," he said, producing the last annual report of the "Victorian Order of Nurses for Canada." This shows the total expenditure for all Canada in 1908 to have been 128,178 dollars—roughly £26,000. But this sum includes the cost of district nursing in all the large centres, as well as of the country schemes. It is obvious, from the information thus given by Miss Hughes and Mr. Boulton, that Lady Dudley has builded wisely in asking them to join her counsels. Lady Dudley's whole idea and ours, said Miss Hughes, in parting, is to provide a scheme which will be comprehensive, but elastic, and which will adapt itself readily to the circumstances of every part of the Commonwealth.

THE TRANS-AUSTRALIAN RAILWAY.

In the "West Australian" of Saturday's issue appeared the following telegram from the officer in charge of boring operations on the route of the proposed trans-Australian railway:—"I have just arrived at Eyre. I bailed about 70,000 gallons of water from the bore, and then took samples. The water is of good quality. No salt. It is a little hard, but I think the iron in it would do that. It should be good water for boiler purposes. The water stands 407ft. down from surface. Bailing only lowered it 20ft. The temperature of water is 78deg. If there is anything else you wish to know wire me, as I will stay at Eyre for a few days till I hear from you about future operations." The message was brought under the notice of Sir John Forrest, who supplied the following interesting statement:—"The information just received by the Government that a large fresh water supply had been struck by the Government boring party at a point 340 miles from Kalgoorlie on the proposed route of the trans-Australian railway is a most important and gratifying announcement. The advantage and gain to Western Australia, and indeed to the whole of Australia, occasioned by this remarkable discovery would be hard to estimate. The surface of the ground at the site of the bore is 576ft. above sea level, and the depth of the bore was 1,370ft. when granite bed-rock was struck. The last 100ft. of the bore passed through strata, carrying fresh water, so that the water was 1,270ft. from the surface. It is a most interesting fact that the fresh water level was about 700ft. below sea level. The fresh water (no salt in it) rose within 420ft. of the surface. It, therefore, rose in all 850ft., and we are informed that 70,000 gallons of fresh water had been pumped at the time the messenger was despatched to Eyre telegraph station. A former bore which was put down some years ago under the Hampton Range, at a spot about 150ft. above the sea and 60 miles south from the present bore, discovered artesian water 2,040ft. from the surface but of only moderate quality. That bore has flowed ever since at the rate however of only about 6,000 gallons a day. This shows that the granite bed-rock here was about 1,900ft. below the sea level, and shows also that the dip of the granite bed-rock from the northern bore to the southern one, in that 60 miles, is about 1,100ft. It points, too, to the fact that there is a drainage towards the sea with a fall of 18ft. to the mile. The discovery has a very important bearing on the trans-Australian railway, for in ensures a water supply by artesian boring, and must greatly reduce the cost of providing water for the railway service. In a former report on the boring operations it was stated that granite boulders had been passed through at a considerable depth. This leads one to the not impossible assumption that there might be a subterranean flow of water which had made these loose stones. It would be interesting to obtain the views on the question of the Government Geologist. In the estimate of the engineers regarding the cost of the railway £600,000 was provided for water supply, and I should say that this discovery and others that must follow will reduce that amount to about £200,000. It will also in my opinion enable the whole of the work to be completed for a sum which I have so often stated would not be exceeded, namely, £3,000 per mile, or a total cost of Rs. 3,300,000. I understand it is proposed and I certainly most strongly recommend it that the next bore shall be put down about 100 miles nearer Kalgoorlie than the present successful one, and I have no doubt that equally good if not better results will be obtained. A new province has, I think, been added to Western Australia. The immense lime-stone plateau through which the line of the railway passes from the 200 mile point from Kalgoorlie has a length to the eastern boundry of the State of 255 miles. This belt of country which as an average height above the sea along the railway route of from 500 to 600ft. comprises an area of quite 15 million acres at present unoccupied and unutilised, which will be brought into use as soon as railway communication is provided, and there is the assurance that fresh water can be obtained by boring. The early construction of the trans-Australian railway is very much assisted by this splendid discovery. Federation also as it affects Western Australia will soon be a reality, and we shall be in fact and not in name only as at present, an integral part of the Australian Commonwealth."

IMMIGRATION.

The adoption of a sound and practicable immigration policy would probably greatly assist in the progress and development of Australia. The greatest need of this vast continent is population, and the methods used to attract desirable people to these shores have not been particularly successful hitherto. An experienced gentleman, who lectured on the subject at Sydney recently, told his hearers that "our immigration policy is very inferior to and far behind that of either Canada, the United States, Argentine, or New Zealand. All the efforts put forth on behalf of Australia appear to be to get the penniless and untrained immigrant, while these other countries make a point of attracting men with money and the better class of tradesmen." The lecturer denounced the practice of relying upon agents, as adopted by Australia, and argued that it remained with the Governments to take steps to enlighten the people at home with regard to the true conditions of life in Australia, Canada and the United States have been remarkably successful in securing large numbers of first-class immigrants, and no doubt the result was achieved because of the comparative proximity of those countries to Europe. Yet although our country is so distant it presents a far more desirable field for the operations of bona fide immigrant. The climate is more hospitable to begin with than that of Canada; the population is scanty and consequently there is plenty of room for many mill [illegible] of people. The Australian producing interest [illegible] more varied and hold out more enco [illegible] ment, and taking everything into consider [illegible] there are illimitable possibilities in this [illegible] land for all these who wish to improve [illegible] fortunes. But what the country is chiefly [illegible] cerned about is the class of immigrants who ma [illegible] their home. Hardy agriculturists and skilled [illegible] desmen, possessed of sufficient capital to ma [illegible] a fair start in a new country, need never fear coming to such a land of promise, so long as they are prepared to work and lay the foundations of future prosperity. Fortunes are not tot be picked up in the streets, but ultimate competence awaits the genuine worker in all the industrial and producing occupations, provided he exercises his talents and industry in a properly directed manner. To induce the advent of a large influx of the desirable class of immigrant, the Government should adopt the system of Canada and other countries, and see that Australian advantages are persistently and properly brought under the notice of the people of great Britain and the Continent.

THE NEW MINISTRY.

In the whole previous history of the South Australian Parliament there have been only two Ministries composed entirely of men who had never sat on the Treasury benches until the Cabinets of which they were members met Parliament for the first time. They were the Finniss Ministry, the earliest after the establishment of constitutional government, which consisted of Mr. B. T. Finniss, Sir R. D. Hanson, Sir Robert R. Torrens, Mr. Charles Bonney, Sir Arthur Freeling and Sir Samuel Davenport, and lasted from October 24, 1856, till August 21, 1857. The other was that formed by Mr. John Baker, which following the Finniss Government on August 21, 1 [illegible] was ousted from office on September 1 of the [illegible] year, thus lasting 11 days. Its personnel w [illegible] follows:—Mr. J. Baker, Mr. Justice Gwynne [illegible] John Hart, Sir W. Milne, Sir Arthur Bly [illegible] Mr. J. T. Bagot. Every other Cabinet whi [illegible] since been called into being except that of M [illegible] Verran, contained among its members at le [illegible] gentleman who had had Ministerial experien [illegible] in and out of Parliament. Two members of [illegible] Government—Messrs. Wallis and Coneybee [illegible] colleagues of the Hon. T. Price at the time [illegible] death, but they received office and resigned [illegible] portfolios between the end of one session an [illegible] beginning of the next. When Mr. Verran and [illegible] colleagues took their seats on the treasury ben [illegible] in the House of Assembly and the Legislative Co [illegible] cil on Tuesday they, therefore, made a record [illegible] cannot be paralleled in the history of the Parli [illegible] without going back nearly 53 years. Mr. [illegible] Mr. Vaughan, Mr. Denny, and Mr. Wilso [illegible] never held Ministerial office before, while [illegible] Wallis and Coneybeer have never had the pr [illegible] of sitting in Parliament as Ministers. So far, [illegible] fore, as the conduct and control of the busin [illegible] the Council and the House of Assembly are [illegible] cerned, they are all without personal experienc [illegible]

[*By Telegraph to Perth W. A.]

A REMARKABLE wedding has just been celebrated at Braila. The bridegroom was Joseph Stopf, a centenarian, and he married Maria Liga, whose age was 101. The couple had loved each other in youth, but their parents would not consent to their marriage, and the girl was married to another man. This man died a few months ago, and now the sweethearts of eighty years ago are man and wife.

TURKEY, GREECE AND CRETE.

BOYCOTT CONDEMNED.

Rumanian Ultimatum.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]
LONDON, JUNE 27.

The Anti-Greek boycott is now universal throughout Turkey and is being most rigorously maintained.

Ambassadors have called attention to the molestation of English, French and Russian steamers and the Grand Vizier has replied that he is unable to interfere with the will of the people.

It is reported that the Grand Vizier has warned the Greek Minister that serious consequences will ensue if military preparations on the frontier are continued.

An official Note issued in Athens protests against the brutality of the boycott and says the situation is becoming disquieting.

Sir G. Lowther, on behalf of the Protecting Powers, presented a Note to the Porte yesterday, assuring Turkey that sovereign rights in Crete would be respected, and adding that each Power is sending a second warship.

Rumania has sent an ultimatum to Greece demanding satisfaction for the attack on the Rumanian steamer at Piraeus.

The Ultimatum expires to-day.

AMERICAN COTTON TRADE.

Fifty-eight Mills Stop.

LONDON, JUNE 26.

Telegrams from Gastonia, North Carolina, report that fifty-eight cotton mills have agreed to cease production for four weeks in July and August.

SOCIALISM VS. REACTION

LONDON, JUNE 26.

Mr. Keir Hardie, speaking at Victoria Park, predicted that sooner or later Liberalism would disappear, and the issue would be between Socialism and reaction.

THE BAGDAD RAILWAY LOAN.

LONDON, JUNE 26.

The second series of the Bagdad Loan of £4,312,300 has been over-subscribed.

THE KNIGHT YANCEY FAILURE.

LONDON, JUNE 26.

Advices from Birmingham, Alabama, state a petition has been filed to place John Knight, head of Knight, Yancey and Co., in bankruptcy. Three Liverpool firms are claiming 53 844 dollars.

BOMB OUTRAGE IN BUENOS AYRES.

Anarchists Arrested.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

Buenos Ayres telegrams state that a bomb was thrown in Colon theatre last night, injuring seven of the audience. Hundred anarchists have been arrested on a suspicion of eing implicated.

ING EDWARD MEMORIAL.

Proposed Hospital for Jews.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

A meeting of the London Jews has decided to erect a hospital for Jews in East End as a memorial to King Edward.

THE PRESIDENTSHIP OF MEXICO.

Diaz Elected the Eighth Time.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

President Diaz has been re-elected for the eighth time as President of Mexico.

UNITED STATES CONGRESS.

Record Legislation Passed.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

The American Congress has closed with a cord legislation which is described as sur- sing that of any Congress since the Civil r. The Republicans opine that President 's prestige has been restored and they are e hopeful wtih regard to Congressional ctions.

BARON STERNBURG.

LONDON, JUNE 27.

Baron Ungern Sternburg, who was arrested St. Petersburg, is charged with espionage.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, JUNE 26.

The P. and O. Co's. steamer "Arabia" with the English mails of the 17th instant, left for Bombay at 1 p.m. to-day.

IT transpires that Sir Charles Hardinge, the Viceroy-elect, will leave Marseilles on board a P. and O. boat engaged on Colonial Service and disembark at Aden. The R. I. M. S. "Northbrook" will bring the in coming Viceroy from Aden to Bombay.

SOCIALISTS AND PARIS POLICE.

Serious Brawl at a Workman's Funeral.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]
LONDON, JUNE 27.

Paris telegrams report that at the funeral of a workman killed in a brawl with the police, ten thousand Socialists marched in procession and fired revolvers at the police and broke the windows of the police station. Several charges were made by the police and cavalry and fifteen police and twenty demonstrators were injured.

THE IMPERIAL COUNCIL.

Next Meeting at Simla.

(FROM CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMA, JUNE 27.

The Council meeting on the the 22nd July will be unlikely to attract many additional members. So far several replies have been received intimating the inability to attend, among these being Messrs. Dadabhoy and Chitnavis. Mr. Gokhale and others may also be absent. The Hon'ble Mr. Todhunter, Inspector General of Salt and Excise, is coming up to Simla for the meeting and he will stay for sometime with a view to discuss with the Punjab Government questions in connection with excise administration in this province. The Hon'ble Malik Omar Hyat Khan Tiwana, Nawab Zool Faquir Ali Khan and H. H. the Kuar Sahib of Patiala will be present at the Cuncil.

THE SIMLA EXODUS.

Reduction of Expenditure.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 27.

The question of the Simla exodus is engaging now keen attention of the Government of India. In official circles opinion is divided as to the advantage of retaining offices in Simla or Calcutta. This question is now being informally discussed, among the heads of the Secretariat offices and other Heads of Departments and there has been an exchange of views. Whatever may be the ultimate decision regarding the suitability of retaining the offices here or elsewhere during the winter there can be no uncertainty as to the fact that the cost of the annual exodus will be considerably reduced.

SIR CURRIMBHOY IBRAHIM'S BARONETCY.

Congratulations for Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 27.

A general meeting of the Calcutta Khoja Mahomedan community, held yesterday, expressed their sincere pleasure at the Baronetcy conferred on Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim and the gratitude to His Majesty for the honour done to the "much esteemed leader of the community."

THE NANGLA POLITICAL DACOITY CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 27.

Judgment was delivered this morning by a Special Tribunal, presided over by Justices Holmwood, Shafuddin, and Chaterjee, in what is known as the Nangla Political dacoity case. In this case Aboni Bhusan Chukevarti was charged with committing a dacoity at the village Nangla in the Kulna district. In the original trial Aboni was approver, and tendered pardon, but during trial he turned hostile and committed the case to the Special Tribunal. The Court held him guilty as it thought the confession was voluntary, and sufficiently corroborated. The accused was sentenced to seven years' transportation.

MADRAS EDWARD MEMORIAL FUND.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
MADRAS, JUNE 27.

The Edward Memorial Fund is progressing, though not quite as rapidly as might be desired. Among the subscriptions recently received, are munificent donations from the Nawab of Banganapalle of Rs. 3,500, and from the Rajah of Pittapuram of Rs. 10,000, the total so far being over Rs. 41,000. A meeting of the Executive Committee of the fund will be held in Madras on the 29th June.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 27.

The cost of the All India Memorial statue to the King-Emperor at Delhi will be five lakhs and not four lakhs as previously estimated.

PREMISES SEARCHED AT LAHORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LAHORE, JUNE 27.

In connection with the arrest of Hem Raj, Joint Secretary, Sanatan Dharm Mandal, Punjab, the Lahore police searched this morning the premises of Sri Bharat Maha Mandal. Lala Bhagwan Das, the Secretary of the latter stated that Hem Raj has had no connection with Sri Bharat Maha Mandal and nothing incriminating was found.

FRONTIER RAIDS.

Captured Hindus Released.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LAHORE, JUNE 27.

The news has reached Lahore that six Hindus who were carried off by raiders while travelling from Matanni to Peshawar have been given up and are now at Landikotal on their way to Peshawar. Four Hindus recently captured by Mahsuds in the neighbourhood of Tank have also been released. This is due to the prompt action taken by the political officers of the North-West Frontier Province.

DACCA LAW COLLEGE.

Inauguration Delayed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
DACCA, JUNE 27.

Nothing is yet known of giving effect to the proposal of starting the Dacca Law College this year for which a budget provision has been made. The uncertainty is inconveniencing many intending to seek admission therein.

MR. GAMBLER, I C.S Commissioner of Northern India Salt Revenue, will go on leave next year.

ROYAL ARMY TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.

Gratifying Report.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 27.

The annual report of the Royal Army Temperance Association, for the official year ending March, 1910, just published, shows that gratifying progress has been made in promoting the cause of temperance in the Army in India. The year has witnessed unusual changes, for since the last report was made, the President, Lord Kitchener, and the General Secretary, Rev. J. H. Bateson, have both left India, while the death of the King-Emperor, which has recently inflicted so lamentable a loss on the whole Empire, has also deprived the Association of its patron. The total number of soldier members, on March 31st, was 30,220. These figures do not include honorary members, who have not taken the pledge of total abstinence, or volunteers or civilian members, and also excludes the returns from hill depots, sanitaria, etc. since almost every member's name in these branches is borne upon the roll of his regimental or battery branch. In addition to the 30,220 fully pledged members, there were on the same date, honorary members 4,141; members at hill depots, etc., 1,319; members in volunteer and civilian branches, 302; and juvenile members, 179; making a total in all of 36,161. The average membership, including the membership at hill depots, for the year was 30,577, an increase of 1,423. The actual strength of the British Army in India, excluding officers, was on the annual average 72,000. Thus the actual percentage members on March 31st was 41·9, the number of branches of the Association also steadily increasing, and there were on March 31st, 200 branches of the Association, which include detachment branches and those at sanitaria and depots, an increase of 23 on last year. It has become almost a rule, that wherever even a small detachment is stationed a branch is to be found. In the course of the report, the Secretary, the Rev. H. C. Martin, discusses the wonderful success of the Association, and he gives the following as contributory causes:—

The first, prayer; the second, visitation; the third, by having workers in every unit, and fourthly, the attractions. This last has always been one of the chief objects of the Association, that by making the fact of membership as attractive as possible, men may be persuaded to join and having joined be kept to their pledge, rather than lose the many advantages of membership. The other privileges, such as, gratuity funds, and assistance towards employment in civil life, are also greatly appreciated. The General Secretary writes: "On several occasions I have visited units in which drafts have just arrived, and had the opportunity of watching their efforts. Good work is done even before their arrival, and we are extremely glad to receive from the Chaplain General himself a large number of pledges taken on board the troopship, on which he came out to India last December." As Bishop Taylor Smith remarked: "There is great opportunity on board the troopships, but failing any definite organised system last season, the results of the work, are", I think, "most gratifying, and show that every effort is made to secure the young soldier immediately on arrival in the country." The finances of the Association are also satisfactory, and the balance sheet shows a balance of over Rs. 43,000 to the credit of the Association.

NON-ARRIVAL OF THE "TRIESTE."

Anxiety in Secunderabad.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SECUNDERABAD, JUNE 27.

Much anxiety is felt locally regarding the non-arrival of the "Trieste," as two prominent passengers are aboard, viz., Mr. E. D. Puzey, Engineer, N. G. S. R., and Miss Bayley, Lady Superintendent, Civil Hospital, and a connection of Sir Charles Bayley.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO A SOLDIER AT BELLARY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
MADRAS, JUNE 27.

A Bellary correspondent writes:—"A sad accident occurred last Thursday when Private Hicks of the Dorset Regiment, stationed at Bellary, went out shooting with two others in the neighbourhood of Dharwar. While by himself he slipped on a rock and his gun went off, blowing away the greater part of his leg. He was found dead some time afterwards by his comrades. The doctor stated that he must have become unconscious immediately. An inquest was held at Dharwar on Friday by the sub-divisional Magistrate.

BENGAL SECRETARIAT APPOINTMENTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
DACCA, JUNE 27.

The Chief Secretary, Mr. Nathan, is going on six months' leave on account of ill-health. In consequence of this a redistribution of offices will follow, the following being considered as the most probable:—the Financial Secretary Mr. Kershaw will officiate as Chief Secretary; Mr. Reid, Commissioner, Dacca Division, will act as Financial Secretary, and Judicial Secretary Mr. Bullen, now on leave, will take up the Commissionership of Dacca Division.

SEDITIOUS PAMPHLET.

Circulated from England.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LAHORE, JUNE 27.

A vernacular paper reports that a highly seditious and inflammatory pamphlet in the Punjabi language and in Gurmukhi characters addressed to Sikh sepoys and Sardars of the Punjab has lately been received from England. It excites Sikh sepoys against the British rule and reminds them of their history when their forefathers ruled the Punjab and Kabul. It further says that the English have taken into their own hands the management of the Khalsa College, Amritsar, and the Amritsar Golden temple.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 27.

It is notified in Indian Army Orders that with the sanction of the Secretary of State the Government of India have decided that the restriction contained in para. 222, Army Regulations, India Volume, II. as to dates between which combined leave may be taken shall not apply when the leave is granted on medical certificate. The Regulation will be amended in due course.

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Final Debate on the Budget.

SPEECH BY THE GOVERNOR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)
POONA, JUNE 27.

The Bombay Legislative Council, resumed their meeting this morning, the Governor presiding, opening the proceedings.

The Governor said:—The speech of Sir John Muir-Mackenzie dealing with the discussion, leaves me little to add. There are, however, a few points on which I desire to offer a few remarks. As time goes on I have little doubt, that the annual debate on the Budget will change its form, and will reappear in that of substantive resolutions, on which the opinion of the Council can be taken. Meanwhile I do not think that the meeting on Saturday was unprofitable or infertile. It gave opportunities to honourable members, to express and to record their individual views upon a large variety of subjects, and this is an advantage to Government. I was glad to note in a speech made by the Hon'ble Mr. Joshi at the Satara District Conference, that he fully realizes how accessible the Government of Bombay is to all reasonable representations, and how ready we are to move when we are convinced that such representations are for the good of the people of the Presidency. Nothing interested me more than the speech delivered by the Hon'ble Mr. Natu and I regretted that the time limit prevented his concluding it. I learn with great satisfaction, that he is now convinced that the land assessment generally, is fair and just. That is the opinion at which I have arrived, upon a point which has been much disputed by those who have not mastered the question as our honourable friend has done. The assessments are now undoubtedly moderate, and though small re-adjustments in special localities may from time to time be necessary. I trust that there will be no general enhancement, and that with a continuance of our liberal policy of sus pension and remissions in bad years, with the growth of co-operation, and with the improved methods of cultivation, the prosperity of deserving cultivators, will readily advance. They may rest assured, that so far as the present Government is concerned, an increase of production due to better agriculture will not be made the ground for enhanced assessments. I was also deeply impressed by the remarks of the Hon'ble Mr. Natu, on the growing popularity of what has been unwisely called the system of "restricted" tenure. It has been said, that if you give a dog a bad name, tragical results follow, and if a much more correct term, "inalienable" tenure, had been adopted in the first instance, some misunderstanding might have been unavoided. However, the fact is, as the Hon'ble member stated, that the system is growing popular, and that the time may come when extension on a large scale will be demanded. I need not remind you, of a somewhat bitter controversy, which ones raged over this subject, but I may be permitted to point out the moral of the Hon'ble Mr. Natu's remarks. The Government, which can have no object, except that of ameliorating the conditions of all classes is not always wrong when it finds itself in opposition to opinions strongly expressed in the Council when the system of "inalienable" tenure was introduced, we were told that it would be intensely disliked, because it interfered with the right of transfer, which it was alleged was regarded by the Rayat as an invaluable asset. The inexorable logic of events, is now proving that large numbers of our Rayats find, that restriction is a valuable safeguard against the passing of their hereditary lands into the hands of moneylenders. Another misconception which unfortunately found currency at the time, was that the Government cherished a sinister desire to employ the system, as a means of converting the survey occupant into a tenant at will. This wild illusion has also been dissipated, and it has been conclusively demonstrated that occupants under restricted tenure are quite as secure from eviction as any other class of holder, that they are effectively protected from losing their land to moneylenders, and that they are placed in respect of their holding in the same position as Watandars.

Education was touched upon by many of the speakers, and I was glad to note, that in some cases, the quality of teaching and its suitability to the needs of Indian life, were not ignored. The mere creation of Matriculates or of B. A.'s, as such, irrespective of the practical requirements of life, is not a desirable object. Education in this Presidency leaves very much to be desired, quite apart from the financial aspects of the matter, and I hope that the effort of the Government to improve it will meet with support from thinkers of the community. No better or more beneficial educational work is being done at the present time, than that carried out by the Agricultural Department, and it is a pleasure to me to note, that this fact is becoming widely recognised.

The Hon'ble Mr. Harchandrai Vishindas alluded to the great projects for irrigation in Sind, which are under consideration at the present time, and appeared to be somewhat doubtful in regard to them. I hasten to assure him, that the most careful consideration to these projects, in all their aspects, is being given, that there is no conflict of opinions among experts as to the direction that they must take, and that unless a barrage is constructed within a reasonable time, difficulties in maintaining the existing systems of irrigation may arise, and that if these projects are carried out, they will add enormously to the wealth of Sind. Of the great projects for the Deccan to which I have alluded on other occasions, that for the Nira Right Bank Canal is now nearly ready to be laid before the Government of India for sanction. It is most promising, economically, and if we are permitted to carry it out, some of the most arid portions of the Deccan will be provided with an abundant supply of water, and will be placed permanently beyond the reach of famine. It is in the direction of irrigation, that we may look for an increased revenue, which the growing needs of the Presidency demand.

The Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy referred briefly to the question of Decentralization, and I entirely agree with what he said. The Government with the assistance of this enlarged Council, is quite capable of dealing with all matters of local concern, and in the interests of economy and of good administration, it is most desirable that a large measure of autonomy should be granted to the Presidency. Strong views of the Government on this important question, will be found in a letter to the Government of India, which is published with the voluminous report of the Decentralisation Commission.

The Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy also referred to the Kathiawar Customs line position, as regards which I explained to the Princes and Chiefs assembled on the Durbar at Rajkot. I should be only too glad if this serious impediment to the trade, and the great inconvenience to travellers, could be removed, but the offer made by the Government of India was certainly not illiberal, and I am not wholly without hope that the Maritime States in Kathiawar, may be able to see their way to modify the objections to the arrangement which would increase their revenues, and prove a boon to all Inland States. I regret that it should have been stated that the Government of Bombay has not done full justice to the Mahomedan community, in the matter of appointments in the public service, and that invidious comparisons with other Governments should have been raised, which in the absence of a full knowledge of the circumstances and conditions, can be of no possible value. If those who believe that Mahomedans do not get a proper share in the Government patronage, were aware of the facts, they would know that the tendency has been, and is in exactly the opposite direction, and that other communities have complained of this tendency. The Government will continue to give favourable consideration to qualified Mahomedan candidates, wherever they are available, but in the interests of the public service, they cannot undertake to give preference to those who are clearly unqualified. The whole question of securing, what may be regarded as an adequate proportion of the posts under Government, is purely one of education, which will settle itself automatically in no long time, if, as I believe, the community is now earnestly desirous of remedying the deficiencies in this regard. The position attained by such a small body as the Parsis, must surely point a way, to what the Mahomedans can accomplish if they set about the work of education in a spirit of true progress. Meanwhile all real friends of the Mahomedan community, among whom I count myself, must fear that if inordinate demands are preferred in its behalf, there may be an alienation of sympathy which we should all deplore.

In conclusion, I wish to say, and I am sure I speak for all the Honourable Members of the Council, in expressing the great regret that my Hon'ble friend and colleague, has presented his last budget. His long labours, not only in his capacity as our finance minister, in which he has been conspicuously successful, but in many spheres of public activity, will not be forgotten. The time has come to him as it must come to all to lay aside active duties of official life, but he will take with him into his well earned repose the gratitude of the people of the Presidency. And this new Council which has begun its work in such an admirable spirit of co-operation for public good and for the future of which, he and I, entertain bright expectations. I cordially offer him the best wishes for many years of happiness, founded on a sense of good work accomplished and of strenuous endeavours, unsparingly applied, to the administration of this great and progressive province.

The Legislative Council Bill to amend Bombay Hereditary Offices and Matadars' Act was discussed on second reading. The Hon'ble Mr. Parekh moved an amendment substituting succession by ordinary primogeniture for that by lineal primogeniture as provided in the Bill. Dealing with the criticism the Hon'ble Mr. Chaubal denied that the Bill contained any modification of Hindu law and Sir Muir-Mackenzie said that the forfeiture clauses were no more severe than those of existing law. They were very ancient and under Native rule were much more strictly enforced than Government would dream of to-day. The Hon'ble Mr. Joshi moved the amendment to reduce penalties of forfeiture for misconduct. The Hon'ble Mr. Carmichael said that it was wrong to regard forfeitures purely as penalties, for prevention of crime. Watandars were given their property as remuneration for services and if they improperly performed them, Government were entitled to resume theproperty and employ someone else. The debate was adjourned till to-morrow.

CONSOLIDATING ACCOUNT OFFICES.

New Arrangements.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 27.

The scheme for consolidating all the Account offices under the control of the Finance Department is now almost accomplished. The office of the Examiner of Military Works Accounts remain outside their control, but this office also will be brought under the control of the department of Military Finance in the near future. It is also expected though not almost immediately that the Military Finance Department will be merged into the Finance Department of the Government of India.

The Public Works Accounts Department will be amalgamated with the office of the Comptroller General from the 1st July and Messrs. O'Donoghue and Courtenay will be borne on the establishment of the Comptroller General. Mr. Lacey will be posted to the Public Works Secretariat as an Assistant Secretary. Mr. Gauntlett who arrived in Simla on Monday takes over his new appointment of Accountant General for Railways to-morrow and he will have as his two Assistant Accountant Generals, Messrs. Ryan and Avery.

THE CANTON OPIUM TAX.

The New Scale.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 27.

A cablegram has been received from the Secretary of State giving the correct scale of the opium tax in Canton. The scale is 30 cents a tael on prepared opium which works out to Rs. 411 on each chest of raw opium.

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT AT SIMLA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, JUNE 27.

There will be a variety entertainment at Viceregal Lodge on 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th September. Captain Mackenzie is organising the entertainment in aid of Anandale and he is importing talents from all parts of India. Popular prices will be charged for seats.

ATTEMPTED THROWING OUT OF A WINDOW.

Case Dismissed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
RANGOON, JUNE 27.

Engine-driver Beeby was acquitted of the charge of willfully attempting to cause hurt to his servant by throwing him out of the window.

TWO POLICEMEN CONVICTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
RANGOON, JUNE 27.

Two Burmese policemen to-day were sentenced to one year and a fine of Rs. 50 each. The charge was of illegally confining a "Mahomedan stall-keeper of aerated waters. They were also sentenced to three months on a charge of maltreating him at the police station.

MILITARY MATTERS.

(FROM OUR MILITARY CORRESPONDENT.)
LONDON, JUNE 10.

No more successful airship flight has been achieved in England than that undertaken late on Friday night and early Saturday morning by the Army dirigible Beta, the second and smallest of the series built at the War Balloon Factory, Farnborough, which has never performed any previous flight beyond that lasting for one hour, a week before. The dirigible was towed out of its garage on Cove Common late on Friday, and with Colonel J. E. Capper, C.B., Lieutenant R. M. Waterlow, and Mr. T. Ridge forming its crew, it ascended just before midnight, with the intention of flying to London and back. The voyage was as successful as it was bold. The stars, the main line of the London and South-Western Railway, the Thames, and St. Paul's were the points taken by the steersman as guides for his aerial journey, and he was never at fault, making from point to point on a chart laid down with as much accuracy as a modern steamship on a trip across the Atlantic. Without fuss, the dirigible, which is kept always ready for experimental flights, was towed out into open by a detachment of the Royal Engineers, and after a preliminary run over the common, the journey to London was commenced at twenty minutes to midnight. The course set was Frimley, Pirbright, Woking, Weybridge, Walton, Hampton Court where the Thames was crossed Bushey Park, Richmond, Wimbledon, Clapham Junction, Battersea Park, Kennington, across the Thames at, Southwark and plumb over the dome of St. Paul's the objective. The flight of about thirty miles against a head wind took 2 3-4hr. In describing the journey one of the crew said that it was quite uneventful and was made without a hitch. The night was very dark, and dawn was just breaking as they turned to cross London on their way back. The return trip back to Farnborough with a following wind occupied just over 1 1-2hr. The course was elliptical, the return journey being via Hyde Park, Kensington, Hammersmith, Brentford, Hounslow and Staines. Although a motor-car was sent off to accompany the airship, they did not sight each other until they got back to Farnborough reaching the balloon shed within a few minutes of each other. The night was very cold, but the voyage was pleasant. London was very quiet as they passed over it between one o'clock and 2-30, and no one seemed to notice them, although no doubt they were seen, especially on the return journey, with the day breaking. The flight marks a very great advance in dirigible work, and no doubt the next army manœuvres will find one or more airships being used for scouting purposes.

MOTOR TRANSPORT WAGONS.

On Thursday the Headquarters' Staffs, from the War Office and the Aldershort Command, that have been in this neighbourhood since Tuesday last, having concluded their tour, returned to their own quarters. Altogether there have been about forty officers, engaged in the usual Staff ride, which precedes all important. In the present instance the Chief of the General Staff, General Sir W. G. Nicholson, was accompanied by amongst other distinguished soldiers, Brigadier-General A. J Murray, Director of Military Training, and Brigadier-General W. R. Robertson, of Aldershots. In about a dozen of motor-cars the officers, in two bodies, representing respectively a Red and a Blue army, went over the ground where the contending troops are most likely to come into collision during the Grand Army Manœuvres to be held next September. There appears to be reason to suppose that the centre of action is likely to alternate between Winchester on the east and Shaktesburg on the west or on either side of this Cathedral town. But that does not preclude, but that there will be marching and battling beyond the places named, and to the north and south of them, as well as to the eastward and westward.

The most important feature in connection with the Staff ride seems to have been the question of provisioning the troops in the field. It may be remembered that last year Colonel J. T. Kearns, of the Second Divisional Transport Supply Column, 1st London, or the Army Service Corps of the Territorial Force, showed how well he could serve his command at Fargo Camp, the Plain, with mechanical transport. Colonel Kearns has been an enthusiastic advocate of this method of Army transport for years, not only for the haulage of supplies, but for other uses in connection with the efficient maintenance of an army in the field in peace and war. Mr. Haldane himself was one of the interested visitors to Fargo Camp last year. There he minutely inspected the array of huge motor-traction vehicles Colonel Kearns had under his command. The Secretary of State for War saw them being put through their goings," hurrying in a very smart fashion over rough ground moving many tons of load with an ease and celerity impossible for horse-drawn vehicles. I recall two things in that connection: Colonel Kearns, with his motor-traction, ran down loaded with his company's tents and stores from Woolwich to the Plain, a matter of 100 miles, in twelve to fourteen hours, and one of his smartest captains was the late Tom Browne, the well-known artist.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

The War Office, with the ever-complex problem of properly feeding an army in the field, handling their baggage promptly, and never being a drag on the soldiers' marching powers, are going to give mechanical traction a trial in this year's grand manœuvres. The long-delaying trains of horse drawn supply wagons are to be drastically curtailed, and the steam and motor impelled vehicles are to have a run. It can be but hoped that where, again, the Territorials have shown the Regulars the road, the going won't be "crabbed" by injudicious handling. The number of troops that will be in the field, and the occasion, warrant the test being made, which, it is understood, the Staff ride has helped forward by going over the ground and seeing that the thing can be done. So two things are to be tried, for the first time this year, in connection with the home Army manœuvres. A whole division is to be mobilised and put in the field as for war, and called upon to engage in mimic operations against another force. And this mobilised division is to be adequately attended to by the newest form of supply and transport train, motor and steam vehicles.

It is the Second Aldershot Division which is to be mobilised next September. The rumour had been put about that the Second Division now commanded by Major-General H. M. Lawson, would be made up to war strength by ruthlessly drawing from other commands. But it is now stated that is not to be the case. The Second Division will have its ranks made up to war, or mobilised, strength by drafting men from the Special Reserve, and from the Regular Reserve. From the Special Reserve, if necessary, 300 men per battalion, or otherwise will be taken, and to try the Regular General Reserve some seventy men per battalion will be called to the colours. In that manner the Second Division will be in reality a true mobilised command, for guns as well as all the other branches of the service that go forth with the divisional unit, will march off in full strength. It will or should, be an inclusive force this Second Division, Aldershot, Command of fully 20,000 troops of all ranks. There are also to take the field at the coming autumn manœuvres the troops of the First, Third, and Fourth Divisions, with a division of cavalry and a brigade or more of Territorials. Even assuming that the other bodies should all be far under their establishment strength, yet the Army manœuvres this year should present in opposing order troops numbering 60,000 of all ranks.

A NEW GUN.

It is stated that the firm of Armstrong, Whitworth and Co., of Elswick, have invented a 14-3-pounder breech-loading gun, similar to the latest patterns, except for the springs that are used in the recoil apparatus of the latter weapons. In the new gun these have been done away with, and a liquid and air have been substituted in the recoil cylinders. By this means it has been proved possible for the gun to remain in the same position while ten shots are being fired. The gun only needs laying once to make this feat possible, and, what is more remarkable still, the shots at a trial went through practically the same hole in the bull's-eye—a remarkable performance never known before in the annals of gunnery. The gun is to be submitted to the War Office in a few days.

MORAL INSTRUCTION TO STUDENTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, JUNE 27.

The opinions of the principal educationalists of all denominations have been invited on a scheme, to provide moral instruction to students of schools and colleges affiliated to Calcutta University, on an undenominational basis. In this connection, the views of the Government of India will be obtained, after which the scheme will be formally laid before the Senate.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

[From Australian Paper to June 13.]

Irish Land Policy.

London, June 11.

Mr. Birrell, the Chief Secretary for Ireland, in reply to Mr. John Redmond, the leader of the Irish Nationalists, states that the Government does not desire to interfere with the advocacy by the Press of the breaking up of grass land, but that it cannot permit the enforcement of such demands by illegal means.

National Rifle Association.

THE BISLEY MEETING.

The Australian rifle team which will compete in the National Rifle Association's meeting at Bisley have arrived in London. Major Paine, of New South Wales, the commandant of the team, states that the members had the pleasantest of voyages on the R.M.S. Omrah and that they are all in the best of health.

Colonel Crosse, the secretary of the National Rifle Association, and several members of the British team welcomed the Australian at Filbury. Alter luncheon in London with Lord Cheylesmore, the chairman of the National Rifle Association, the Australians proceeded to a farmhouse at Bisley.

A Bandit's Exploit.

HOLDS UP TRAIN SINGLE-HANDED.
London, June 11.

A single bandit held up a train at Robsart, New Mexico, and at the point of the pistol drove the half-dressed and panic-stricken passengers from the carriages.

He secured booty to the extent of several thousand dollars, and then made his escape. He defiantly shot out the rear lights of the train as he rode away.

Sheriffs's posses are in pursuit.

Canadian Tariff Arrangements.

It has been officially announced at Ottawa that Belgium will be admitted to the intermediate tariff on all products similar to the French products covered by the Franco-Canadian treaty. This will not include the fixed rates granted in respect of some French specialities.

The Netherlands will receive the same treatment as Belgium.

The arrangement with Italy gives Canada the benefit of the conventional tariff on 18 items including timber, lumber, furniture and carriage woods, wood pulp, paper boots shoes, tools implements, and sewing machines.

Italy receives the benefit of the intermediate tariff on 18 items including canned vegetables limejuice, fruit syrups certain qualities of wines, velvets and ribbons.

Mr. W. S. Fielding, Canadian Minister of Finance, announces that negotiations with the United States will begin in the autumn, when Minister reassemble

"The spirit which President Taft and Mr. Knox are manifesting," says Mr. Fielding, "affords grounds for hoping that the arrangement of better trade relations will be possible, but whether or not the movement succeeds Canada feels that she is bound to respond to the friendly approaches of the United States.

"The Truth about the Navy."

AUTHORSHIP OF THE PAMPHLET.

Messrs. Chapman and Hall, the publishers, declare that the pamphlet. "The Truth About the Navy" was not written by or at the instance of Lord Fisher (lately First Sea Lord) or by anyone at the Admiralty.

[In the House of Commons during a debate on the Naval Estimates, Lord Charles Beresford (Unionist) denounced the circulation in the libraries of warships of a pamphlet entitled "The Truth About the Navy." This, he said, was calculated to inflame animosity against another power. Earl Winterton (Unionist) declared it was an open secret in the navy that Lord Fisher (lately First Sea Lord of the Admiralty) was the author of the pamphlet. Dr. Macnamara, Parliamentary Secretary of the Admiralty, replied that he had not seen the pamphlet and he did not know who was the author of it. He promised to inquire as to whether or not it was still in the libraries of the warships.]

New South Wales Public Works.

A PROGRESSIVE POLICY.
Sydney, June 12.

Mr. Lee, Minister for Works, in opening the new tramline at Drummoyne yesterday, stated that during his term of office he had expended 13 millions sterling, and the Government intended during the next five years to spend more money than ever it had before. Amongst the principal works to be carried out were the duplication of railway lines, and the building of cross-country lines to divert traffic to other ports than were at present used.

If it is necessary, said Mr. Lee, to go into the market to borrow £5,000,000 for the purpose of carrying out these necessary effective and profitable works, we are going to do so.

A Bank Embezzlement.

SUICIDE OF THE CULPRIT.
London, June 11.

A Brussels bank official whose arrest was sought in respect of defalcations amounting to 300,000 francs committed suicide on the staircase of a hotel in New York yesterday. His whereabouts had been discovered by the detectives and he was on the point of being arrested when he took his life.

Iron and Steel Trade.

MODIFICATION OF TARIFFS DESIRED.
London, June 11.

A committee of the British Iron Trade Association has forwarded to the Board of Trade and the Foreign Office a memorial urging them to secure certain modifications of the Japanese, Swedish, and Australian tariffs on iron and steel.

Great Fire at Seattle.

FIVE HUNDRED PEOPLE HOMELESS.
London, June 12.

A great fire broke out yesterday in the buildings on the water front at Seattle, a port in Puget Sound, on the Pacific coast. Ten blocks were destroyed and 500 people were rendered homeless. The damage is estimated at 1,000,000 dollars (about £200,000).

Alleged Intent to Murder.

A LAD COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.
Melbourne, June 12.

In the Brunswick Children's Court on Friday, Leonard Attwood, 16 years of age, was proceeded against on a charge of shooting with intent to murder at East Brunswick on May 20.

The case arose out of the wounding of Ah How, a Chinese market gardner, who was struck by a bullet from a pea rifle while working in his garden on the bank of the Merri Creek. Ah How fell to the ground when he was struck by the bullet, and another Chinaman came to his assistance. He was taken to the Melbourne Hospital, where he was admitted for treatment. The bullet which entered his groin has not yet been removed.

The accused was committed for trial.

Shocking Tragedy.

AMERICAN WOMAN THE VICTIM.
London, June 11.

A Russian named Ispalatoff has been arrested at Como, in Northern Italy, on suspicion of having murdered Mrs. Crifttenden Castle, an American dramatic artiste.

A box containing the body of Mrs. Castle was found in the Lake of Como. It is supposed that she was put in the box while in a stunned condition and that she died from asphyxia.

Plumage Birds.

THEIR WHOLESALE SLAUGHTER.

At the instance of the Earl of Crewe, Secretary of State for the Colonies, a committee representative of the Colonial Office and the Natural History

Museum, South Kensington, has been appointed to inquire into the possibility by legislation or departmental control of preventing the indiscriminate slaughter of plumage birds now rife in certain parts of the Empire.

It is hoped to obtain the co-operation of all Governments in the Empire, without which it is recognised that no action would be effective.

Federal Constitution.

NEW SCHEME DESIRED.

Sydney, June 12.

Mr. Beeby, M.L.A., speaking at a Labour function yesterday, expressed the opinion that another Federal Convention should be held to formulate a new Commonwealth Constitution. The Labour Party he said, believed that the past 10 years of Federation had been purely experimental and that the time was ripe for the consideration of a new Federal scheme.

The Festival of Empire.

London, June 11.

The Earl of Plymouth yesterday entertained those employed in connection with the projected Festival of Empire at the Crystal Palace which was abandoned on account of the death of King Edward. His Lordship hoped that the festival would form part of the coronation festivities next year.

Victorian State Coal Mine.

PARTIAL SUSPENSION OF WORK.

Melbourne, June 11.

The cessation of work at No. 3 shaft at the State Coal Mine to enable ventilation and haulage improvements to be made, means that about 300 men will be ideal for two or three weeks.

Melbourne, June 12.

The stopping of work caused great consternation at Powlett. A large number of the day shift turned up to work as usual yesterday, but only those employed in driving for ventilation, and in fixing the roads for the skips went below. The others quickly recognised that they were placed in an awkward position, and assembled in groups to discuss the action the Minister for Mines had taken on the recommendation of the general manager, in consequence of the notice as to ventilation served early in the week by the branch of the Victorian Coal Miners' Association.

Some of the men decided to wait on Mr. D. C. MacKenzie, the mining manager to see what could be done to have the mine reopened. They told him that they knew nothing of what had been done by the Association. They further said that they did not agree with the motion, and where anxious to get back to work.

Mr. McKenzie replied that the mine officials had been practically forced into the present position by the leaders of the Association serving them with the ventilation notice. He also informed the men and that the Inspector of Mines, Mr. Sharp, had on Friday made tests of the air in the workings of No. 3 shaft which showed that the air was practically pure and that only insolated places could it be taken exception to. If they liked to rescind the motion, he would telegraph to the general manager and see what could be done.

While the men were making arrangements to hold a meeting, a telegram arrived from the general manager, giving instructions that the men off No. 3 shift were to be paid all the money due to them as soon as possible. The men regarded this as an intimation that before they would be able to return to work they would have to apply for employment just as any fresh arrival on the field would. About 200 were present at the meeting, and it was decided to abide by the resolution of the Coal Miner's Association.

A large number of the men find themselves in a very awkward position. They have entered into contracts for homes, which are erected or in course of election, with the result that their obligations are such that the stopping of work and the uncertainty as to whether they will be taken on again is a very serious matter to them.

Business people are already beginning to feel the effects of the stoppage.

A large number of men left by train yesterday, and extra carriages have been requisitioned for to-morrow, as after the men received their money many will leave for their homes in other parts.

Sensational Voyage.

BARQUE'S MISADVENTURES.

Melbourne, June 12.

After a remarkable series of misadventures and ill-luck extending over 204 days the barque Annesley, from Cardiff via Christiana, arrived to-day. Captain Ceriez was in charge when the vessel left Cardiff in ballast for Christiana on November 15, but Captain Ceriez and the second mate fell ill during the passage and left the ship at Christiana, which was reached on December 1. Captain Chas. Thomas was then sent from England to command the Annesley, a new second mate was signed on, and the barque left Christiana on January 19.

The Annesley reached the Downs on January 28, when a terrific gale set in. One of the anchors broke at the stock so great was the strain upon it, and although the second anchor was immediately put overboard the vessel dragged into shoal water. A tugboat was signalled, and the ship was towed out of danger. The weather continued so bad that the anchors could not be hauled up, and although the crew worked long and laboriously their efforts were fruitless, and at last the captain had to order the chains to be cut away. The tug took the vessel in tow to Gravesend, where she arrived on January 29. While there the second officer who had signed on at Christiana in place of the officer who had fallen ill on the passage from Cardiff developed a poisoned finger and then the cook became ill. Another second officer and a new cook were engaged, and at the same time the vessel was refitted with new anchors and chains.

The Annesley left Gravesend on Febuary 4, and during the run to Melbourne encountered sweeping gales and irritating calms.

Football Spectators.

UNSPORTSMANLIKE BEHAVIOUR.

Barrackers caused considerable trouble towards the finish of the match between Fitzroy and University at East Melbourne yesterday. the game being twice interrupted through some of the spectators standing behind the Fitzroy goal taking possession of the ball.

One of the University players kicked a goal, making it practically impossible for Fitzroy to win the match, and the ball, instead of being returned to the field umpire, was passed into the railway reserve behind the spectators. A number of constable amidst jeers endeavoured to recover the ball, but they were unable to find it and the field umpire had to dart across to the pavilion to obtain a new one.

The game was again set going, but as soon as the ball was kicked through the posts crowd repeated their tactics by once more tossing the ball into the railway reserve. This occasioned a second delay, and while search was being made for the ball the crowd jeered and laughed and waved their handkerchiefs. At last the ball was recovered or a fresh one substituted, and the game was resumed. Before there was any fresh display of the crowd's unsportsmanlike behaviour the final bell rang.

Clarke, the field umpire, reported to the police that some of the spectators behind the goal constantly pelted him with missiles.

One of the barrackers, whom it is alleged took a prominent part in the affairs, has been arrested.

Federal Affairs.

COMMONWEALTH BANKING SCHEME.

Melbourne, June 12.

The Minister for Home Affairs, Mr. King O'Malley who is the author of the Commonwealth banking scheme, referred to-day to the adverse criticism which has appeard on the Government's banknote proposals. He denied that any note issue in America nad ever failed. There had been cases in a time of crisis of notes having been sold under their face value, but ultimately they had always been paid in full.

FISH INDUSTRY IN THE PUNJAB.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 27.

The question of improving the fish industry in the Punjab, is engaging the attention of the local Government, and accordingly Mr. A Howell, I.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Kulu, goes to America to study fisheries, so as to apply new and helpful systems to India.

THE KING'S BIRTHDAY.

Further Press Comments.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 27.

The "Madras Mail," comments thus on the unnotified holiday :—"Some of the Calcutta journals seem to be obsessed with the idea that the exodus to the hills is responsible for every mischance and every defect in the administration, But it is merely foolish to suppose that the observance of the holiday cannot be settled without the presence of Government in the capital. There has been an irritating blunder but it has nothing to do with Government being away from Calcutta, or the Provincial Governments away from their respective headquarters. The point to which we now wish to draw attention is that business people have been mulcted of extra charges on telegrams, extra fees to Customs and demurrage on vessels in consequence of mismanagement of a very simple matter, We are very strongly of opinion that these extra charges should be refunded."

Says the "Madras Times"—In Madras the King's birthday this year was not kept as a general holiday. This must be due to the blunder or at least considerable carelessness on the part of some individual or some office, but there seems to have been unnecessary hesitation before orders came out from home declaring that the day was to be kept as a holiday.

MR. DALRYMPLE CLARK'S CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JUNE 23.

In the Sessions trial of Mr. Dalrymple Clark for the charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 8,500, the price of two Government elephants, Maud and Thompson, sold to Steel Bros. The evidence of Green was concluded today, but he shall be detained here as a witness in the next case against Mr. Clark, Birch and Gupta. Green's cross-examination to-day was mainly in connection with various counterfoils of cheques paid for elephants during the six years he worked with Mr. Clark as Green and Company. Among these was Green's receipt for Rs. 8,500 for three elephants handed over to Kheddahs at Sittaung. The draft in pencil by Clark from which this receipt was made was found by the police yesterday in Green's diary. L. Ring, a tea-planter in Cachar, was the next witness. His evidence was in connection with his work with Mr. Clark as employee of Green and Co. during 1904 and 1906. As Ring will not be needed for the next case he will be permitted to return to India.

The defence have not yet definitely outlined their case, but the following points brought out in trial so far seem to indicate the probable line of argument:—(1) Clark's admission of his connection with Green and Co. who had dealings with the Kheddah department; (2) Clark's admission of the sale of the two elephants, the subject matter of charge, also that they were Government animals ; (3) frequent exchanges of animals between Green and Co., Steels, etc., and the Keddahs; also sales and purchases were effected without previous sanction being obtained ; (4) Clark's footnote on Steels' letter that the disposal of Maud and Thompson will be regarded by the Kheddah office as an exchange transaction, not sale; (5) production of Green's receipt from Clark of the same sum, subject matter of charge at which the price of three elephants from Dacca handed over by the Company to Clark. It would seem Mr. Clark's defence will be that as the result of various transactions, exchanges between Kheddahs and Green, these two animals at the time of sale belonged to the Company and not to Government.

DISTURBANCE AT A MELA.

Seven Students Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 27.

A serious disturbance took place at Ghutiara Sarif station on Canning Branch of the southern section of the Eastern Bengal State Railway, a couple of days ago, in which several Bengali students took part. It appears that an ice vendor went to Ghutiari Sarif on the occasion of Ghazi Shaheb's mela, which was recently held there, with a box of unbooked ice. The vendor sold some ice to a guard named MacAllen at a cheap rate. Some students noticed this and they demanded ice at this cheap rate, which the ice vendor refused. This led to a riot, in course of which Guard MacAllen and D. E. Cranenburgh were assaulted with a lathi. Seven students were arrested.

CHARGE OF ALLEGED POISONING,

Judgment Reserved.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, JUNE 27.

Ambica Dutt, an alleged spy under the C.I.D was committed to the Court of Session for poisoning a prostitute with mercury. The trial commenced this day. The jury delivered a unanimous verdict of guilty under section 328. The judgment is reserved. He was defended by Babu Pyari Mohan Ghose, pleader, instructed by Babus Sris Chandra Chatterjee and Amulya Ratan Guha, pleaders.

ADABARI ARMS ACT CASE.

Accused Convicted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, JUNE 27.

In the Adabari Arms Act case, Babu G. C. Chatterjee delivered judgment this day. Jogendra Chakravarty was acquitted, Abani Mohan Ganguli and Rajendra Lal Barrari were convicted under section 19 (f) with two years' and one and a half years' rigorous imprisonment, including one month's solitary imprisonment.

THE LAL MOHAN DE CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, JUNE 27.

In the case of Lal Mohan De, under section 109 C. I. P. Code, two witnesses for the prosecution were examined. This case is postponed till 13th July,

TRAVANCORE NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 27.

Mr. Justice Sadasiva Iyer's successor as Chief Justice, Travancore, it is understood, will be Mr. Krishnan Nair. Mr. Carr, Resident in Travancore, will be going on leave shortly. His successor is not yet selected.

RANGOON REPORTER'S CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JUNE 27.

Smith, reporter of the "Gazette," who is charged with attempted murder of Mrs. Caesirini to-day was remanded till 8th July.

RIFLE ASSOCIATION MEETING.

Commander-in-Chief's Speech.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 27.

The following proceedings are now published of a meeting of the Council of B.P. R.A. held at Snowdon, Simla, on 11th instant, with H E General Sir O'Moore Creagh as President. The following members of the Association were present. Br.-General Campbell, I. G. of Volunteers, Colonel MacIntyre, Secretary of the Association, Lieut. Colonel H. Hutson, General Staff, Lt. Colonel N. Woodyatt, 7th Gurkhas, Captain J. C. Faunthorpe, U. P. Horse.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in opening the meeting announced that although the redistribution of staff duties at Army Headquarters made it impossible to continue the practice of placing the services of an officer of head quarter staff as the disposal of the association as the honorary secretary, still he was prepared to assist that body by permitting one of the officers of musketry instructional staff to become Secretary. He also assured the Council that any requests they might make for assistance in any form would receive every consideration. He was one of the oldest supporters of the Association, its aim had still his warmest sympathy and they might always count on his support and assistance. A feature in these annual rifle meetings on which he laid stress was that they brought regulars and volunteers together. In conclusion after wishing the Association all success Sir O'Moore Creagh expressed his intention of making it a point of being present at the distribution of prizes at the coming meeting should his other engagements permit.

The following resolutions were then discussed and passed:—(a) To approch His Majesty the King to honour the Association by allowing his name to be placed amongst the list of patrons of the Association; (b) that the next Meerut meeting be held between 9th and 19th November 1910 ; (c) to include in the annals of the Association the announcement by Sir O'Moore Creagh of his intention to support the objects and aims of the Association.

The question of the use of the aperture sight was then discussed and it was decided that in view of any possible attachment of this sight to the Service Rifle in future a match for those using it should be included in the programme this year, but would not account for the championship. No proposal was passed amending the present rules regarding sights in general as it was held that use in all matches of aperture sight would be detrimental to those who would not uphold to purchase it.

The same day the Commander-in-Chief was also able to announce that H. E. the Viceroy would be pleased to present his usual prizes for competition at the next meeting.

PERMISSION TO APPEAL TO PRIVY COUNCIL.

Application Rejected.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JUNE 27.

The Bench of the Chief Court to-day dismissed the petition by Government for a certificate of appeal to the Privy Council from the recent order of the Full Bench in the case of the Secretary of State versus John Moment. In 1906 Moment sued the Secretary of State for Rs. 2,406 with interest, being damages to his house in the Cantonment. The present applicant, the Secretary of State, pleaded that the Court had no jurisdiction by the provisions of the Lower Burma Town and Village Lands Act. By consent the question of jurisdiction was tried as a preliminary and it was decided in applicant's favour and the suit was dismissed. The respondent appealed on the ground among others that clause (b) of section 41 of the Lower Burma Town and Villages Lands Act was ultra vires and the Full Bench of the Court having by a majority decided that it was so, the respondent's appeal was allowed and the case was remanded for trial on other issues. The certificate now asked was under the Civil Precedure Code.

The applicant, the Government, urged the importance of the question at issue and the urgent necessity of getting it settled by Privy Council as soon as possible since the local Government were now much embarrassed and were on the horns of a dilemma as to whether they should proceed in Civil or Revenue Courts in cases where a particular section of the Lower Burma Town and Village Act (referred to above) was applicable ; also that other laws might be affected by the decision. The Bench decided that as whatever the Privy Council might decide on this particular question it would not affect the original case still pending between the parties there was no occasion to grant the petition. To adopt a contrary opinion would amount to referring for decision, what might eventually prove merely an abstract question of law.

THE PROCLAIMED ROHTAK DISTRICT.

Feud between Jats and Barbers.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 27.

From independent inquiries made as regards the Rohtak district that has lately been proclaimed under the Seditious Meetings Act it has been elicited that the Jats in the village of Virona had fallen out with the Barbers of the place. The feeling grew intense and spread to adjoining villages. It was ultimately decided at the intervention of some if the leading men to hold a conference where the contending parties should ventilate their grievances against one another, and to settle up their differences. About ten thousand Jats and Barbers were expected to assemble at the Conference and a breach of the peace is feared.

THE HARDWAR GURUKUL.

Extended Activity.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 27.

The Managing Committee of the Gurukul Kangri at Hardwar, an Institution started by the Arya Samaj where education is imparted on the old Hindu lines, has in a meeting decided to impart education free of cost and without boarding and lodging charges to their students. There are at present 260 students, reading in the Gurukul. The decision will take effect from 1911.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Lewis charged Manilal Thackersey, a 'mehta' in the employ of Manachand Morarji, with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs 166-5-0. It appeared from evidence that the accused who was working as a 'mehta' in the complainant's shop in the Mulji Jetha market, collected his master's outstandings amounting to Rs. 166-5-0 and absconded with the money on Sunday. As the accused absented himself from work, the complainant made inquiries and on receiving certain information, had the accused arrested, and Rs. 145-8 were recovered from the accused. The accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

THIRD CRIMINAL SESSIONS

THE Hon'ble Mr. Justice N. C. Macleod, presided, yesterday, at the first sitting of the third Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court.

EXEMPTION TO JUROR.

Mr. E. M. F. Nicholson applied to his Lordship to exempt his client Mr. Richard Henry Syer, Manager of the Dunlop Pneumatic Tyre Company, from serving on the common jury owing to very great pressure of work and ill-health.

His Lordship exempted him this Sessions, but ordered him to serve during the next sessions.

Mr. Nicholson made a similar application on behalf of Mr. Gordhandass Khatau to exempt his client from serving on the special jury owing to ill-health.

His Lordship said he would hear the application after a medical certificate was produced.

The matter then stood over.

BREACH OF TRUST AS SERVANT.

The pleas of the accused were then recorded by Mr. Basil Lang, Acting Clerk of the Crown. Ramchandra alias Baboo Yessoo (18) pleaded guilty to the charges of breach of trust as a servant in respect of Rs. 400 and forgery on a counterfoil of the pass book of the Bank of India and asked for mercy. He was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment. The accused in the other cases pleaded not guilty to the charges laid against them.

JAMNABAI MURDER CASE.

Ramdayal Mohanlal, Nannoo Kaloo, Latchman Gopal, Owsan Matadin and Raghunandan Shevdayal pleaded not guilty to the charges of the murder of Bai Jamnabai, widow of Damodar Lakhmidass Khimji, and abetment thereof, house-breaking by night and abetment thereof and theft and abetment thereof on the night of the 20th March last.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. R. Jardine, Acting Advocate-General, with Mr. Cyril Oliver, instructed by Mr. E. F. Nicholson, The Public Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution and said he would apply to the Court, when the case came on for hearing, to add a charge against all the accused under section 396 of the Indian Penal Code. The section referred to murder during a dacoity.

Mr. Mirza Ali Akbar Khan said he appeared for the first accused, while Mr. M. B. Colah said that he defended the other accused.

MODIKHANA MURDER CASE.

The following special jury were then empannelled to try the case of Dansingh Devisingh, who pleaded not guilty to a charge of the murder of Gobind Bhiku at Modikhana, on the night of the 29th March last:—Mr. A. G. Raymond (foreman); Mr. W. B. Crowder ; Mr. George Hogg; Mr. Burjorji S. Jamsedji; Mr. Kirpal Singh; Mr. Sorabji L. Pande; Mr. J. F. Karaka; Mr. Sadashiv N. Hate and Mr. J. V. Macdonald.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. R. Jardine, Acting Advocate-General and Mr. E. M. F. Nicholson, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution. Mr. Kenneth Mc. I. Kemp, instructed by the Clerk of the Crown, defended the accused.

The learned Advocate-General applied to the Court to add a charge against the accused under section 326 of the Indian Penal Code for committing grievous hurt by means of a cutting instrument. He said that a knife was used in the commission of the offence and as that was not mentioned in the charge he wished that this particular charge should be added.

His Lordship ordered the charge to be added.

The accused pleaded not guilty to that charge also.

Mr. Jardine then opened the case for the prosecution. After reading the Penal Code Sections bearing on the charges, he said that on the night of the 29th March last, there was a feast in an oart at Modikhana. After partaking of the food, some of the guests, including the deceased, began to disperse. The deceased Govind Bhikoo was carrying a basket of food. As the guests proceeded they met a gang of "Mawalis", one of whom demanded food from the deceased and touched the basket containing the food, which thus became polluted. This irritated the deceased who knocked down the accused. The accused then got up, knocked the deceased down and stabbed him with a knife. The deceased cried that he was stabbed and thereupon the other guests caught hold of the accused and handed him over to the police, who appeared immediately upon the scene. The injured man was then taken to the hospital but he died on the way.

The learned Advocate-General said that on the evidence that he would produce there would be no doubt that the deceased died of the wound inflicted on him by the hand of the accused. The only question for the jury to consider was whether the act of the accused amounted to murder or something short of murder.

Evidence was then led and the jury by a majority of seven to two returned a verdict of guilty of culpable homicide not amounting to murder without having had any intention to commit the murder.

His Lordship accepted the verdict of the majority and sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

ATTEMPT TO MURDER.

Ratibai, a Marwari woman, aged 20, was placed before a common jury on charges of attempting to murder her child three years old and attempting to commit suicide.

Mr. H. S. Chatfield, instructed by the Crown Solicitor, prosecuted; Mr. R. D. N. Wadia, defended the accused.

The prosecution case was that the accused took her child on the 13th April last to Dhobi Talao Tank where she lifted the child bodily and threw her into the tank. A witness saw the act and he raised a cry, on hearing which the accused also jumped into the tank after the child. The mother and child both, however, were rescued by a Pathan and another man.

In course of his cross-examination the accused's husband admitted having often assaulted his wife, as her brother had not returned the 1,000 rupees, lent by the witness to his brother in-law. He said that she had not taken any food for four days.

It was suggested in course of this witness' cross-examination that the child had accidentally fallen in the tank and the woman fell to rescue her child.

The witness said that on the day of the occurrence, the woman was behaving like a mad person.

The accused in her statement before the jury said that the child fell in the tank accidentally and she jumped after her to rescue her.

The jury returned a unanimous verdict that the accused was guilty and that the two acts were committed by the accused during temporary insanity.

Mr. Wadia asked the Court to acquit the accused on a unanimous verdict of this kind.

The Judge said there was no evidence to support that verdict and that was also not put to the jury.

Mr. Wadia said that there was the evidence of the accused's husband to that effect.

His Lordship accepted the verdict of guilty and informed the jury that he could not accept the latter portion of their verdict.

The accused prayed for mercy and his Lordship, in passing the sentence, said that the jury had found that she was not responsible for her acts and considering that she had been in jail since the 13th April he ordered her to be imprisoned till the rising of the Court.

The Court rose immediately and the sessions were adjourned till 11 a.m. this morning.

ALLEGED MURDER.

Judgment in Appeal Reserved.

ON the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, their Lordships the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton heard the appeal of Lakhidass Parbhudass, who was convicted of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, by Mr. R. E. A. Elliot, Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, and sentenced to ten years' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. R. M. A. Branson, instructed by Mr. G. N. Thakor, appeared for the accused ; the Government Pleader was for the Crown.

In this case the accused, along with three others, viz., Chhotalal Ranchoddas, Jamna Lakhidas and Rupa Daji, was charged with the murder of Shankar Jibhai in October 1909. The murder was the sequel to another murder, in which the appellant's brother was the murdered man and the deceased Shankar the alleged murderer. The appellant, a Bania, was the biggest moneylender and one of the largest landholders in Khadel and also owned lands in Harkapara, while his friends and relations were also well off. The second accused was the appellant's son; the third accused, his sister's husband, and the fourth accused a Dharala.

It appeared that in 1907 or early in 1908 a theft was committed of the Bhavnagar State jewels at Bhavnagar by a gang from Borsad Taluka, and the Bhavnagar Police went to Borsad to make inquiries, and as the result certain men were caught and punished, but a very large number of men were also concerned as receivers. Amongst the suspected people were certain Banyas of Haladri in Borsad. It was alleged that the Haladri Banias paid Rs. 2,450 to Hurgowan Parbhudass of Khadel, who was acting as informer to Bhavnagar Police either as hush money to exclude their names or because he acted as intermediary to bribe the Bhownagar Police. The money did not appear to have been paid into the hands of those for whom it was intended, or who thought they had a right to a share of it, and Shankar, who was there working in conjunction with Hargowan, it was thought, either bribed by the Haladri Banias to murder Hargown or because he did not receive of the bush money he had a grudge against Hargowan, killed him, by shooting him in the Chora at Khadol in October 1908 and escaped to Ambav where he was found next day, arrested and broughtback to Khadol. He was tried and acquitted, because the evidence appeared to be trained by hostility to the accused. Against the acquittal the endeavour to get Government to lodge an appeal was made, but this endeavour was rendered abortive as Government did not consider a sufficiently strong case had been made out. The appellant who took a strong interest in the case made an application for revision to the High Court, but the High Court declined to interfere and added that Government might appeal if they liked. As soon as Shankar was acquitted an application was made to have security taken from him to keep the peace. Shankar also made an application asking that security should be taken from eight men, including the first three accused before the Sessions Judge, and stating that the men had formed a league to kill him. Shankar, in the meantime, was called upon to furnish security and ordered to be present in Court on the 9th October 1909. He duly presented himself as did all the witnesses, but the hearing was postponed. Shankar left the Court but did not get back to Khadol as he was murdered on the way.

On the evidence, the Sessions Judge, convicted the first accused (appellant) of culpable homicide, not amounting to murder under grave and sudden provocation or abetment thereof, and sentenced him as above stated. The other three accused were acquitted for want of evidence.

Against this decision the first accused appealed, so did the Government against the order of acquittal of the other three and against the sentence passed upon the first accused, contending that his act amounted to murder.

Mr. Branson argued that there was no evidence to support the conviction of the present appellant.

The Government Pleader pointed out that the whole case rested on the evidence of one Lallu Govind whom the Sessions Judge believed.

Their Lordships reserved judgment.

APPLICATION FOR RECEIVER.

ON the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman heard the notice of motion of the plaintiff, for the appointment of a Receiver of the properties in the suit and for restraining the defendants from acting on an order oft he Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod, in the suit filed by the Advocate-General of Bombay against Devidas Vandrawandass and five others.

The Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah, instructed by Messrs. Mehta and Dalpatram, moved absolute the notice of motion on behalf of the Advocate-General ; Mr. B. J. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Edgelow, Gulabchand and Wadia, opposed the motion on behalf of the first defendant ; so did Mr. W. C. J. Shortt, instructed by Messrs. Smytham, Byrne and Noble, on behalf of the third defendant ; Mr. J. D. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Mehta and Dalpatram, supported Mr. Jinnah on behalf of the fourth and sixth defendants; the other defendants did not appear.

The suit is filed by the Advocate-General against the six defendants as trustees of the caste properties of the Sorathia Bhansali Community for the removal of the first three defendants from their position as trustees on various grounds ; for the appointment of new trustees in their stead ; for an account from the first defendant of his management of the trust properties and funds, for an order against the first defendant that he should pay damages for the loss occasioned to the trust properties and funds by his mismanagement and for various other reliefs.

It was stated on behalf of the plaintiff that the caste properties and funds were managed as trustee thereof by Vandravandass Purshotamdass until his death in 1896. On his death the first two defendants took possession of the properties and funds and managed the same on behalf of the caste as trustees. The caste became dissatisfied with the management and certain persons were appointed managers and trustees by the caste, but the two defendants declined to recognise such managers and refused to deliver the properties and funds to them. A suit was brought in Court and resulted in a consent decree and a scheme, by which the properties and funds were vested in six trustees, the defendants to this suit, and they were directed to manage the properties and funds in the manner directed by the decree and the scheme framed in that suit. Notwithstanding the decree, the first defendant failed to hand over to the trustees the trust funds and properties, but on the contrary had been taking steps to frustrate the object of the decree and to keep the control of the properties and funds with himself. He further stated that the second and third defendants had sided with the first defendant and the fourth, fifth and sixth defendants had been enabled to resist the first defendant in his actions.

The present application, therefore, was for an interim receiver and an order restraining the parties from acting on the order of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod in the former suit as the Advocate-General was not a party to that suit.

The opposing defendants said that there was no necessity of appointing a receiver. The main allegations were also denied.

Arguments were heard during the day and further hearing was adjourned till to-day.

POLICE NEWS.

MISAPPROPRIATION BY A CLERK.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Spiers charged Prabhakar V. Joshi, a Hindu, employed in the Government Telegraph Office as a code clerk, with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 95. The case for the prosecution was that the accused received the amount as registration fee from different firms in Bombay for registering their addresses in Telegraphic Code. The accused who had received eight sums from November 1909 to May 1910, misappropriated them. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to undergo eight months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 140, or, in default, to undergo sixty-two days' rigorous imprisonment.

POSSESSING COCAINE WITHOUT A LICENSE.

AT the Esplanade Police Court, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Lewis charged one Lakhmidass Keshavji with being in possession of ten grains of cocaine without a license. The accused pleaded guilty and was fined Rs. 25, or, in default, to undergo seven days' simple imprisonment.

Inspector Lewis then charged Tyebali Tajbhoy, a Borah, with being in possession of twenty-five grains of cocaine without a license. The accused pleaded not guilty, stating the packets were found on the ground. Mr. Strip, Excise Inspector, deposed to having arrested the accused in 1st Cooper Street on Sunday. The accused threw down the packets while running away. The accused was convicted, and as he had one previous conviction against him for a similar offence, he was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100, or, in default, to undergo seven days' simple imprisonment.

SPORTING NEWS.

FOOTBALL.

Harwood League.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA VS. B. V. A.

There was a very meagre attendance present to watch the above game last evening, no doubt the dismal weather keeping many away. The B. V. A. kicked off, having only ten men playing, and took the ball towards the Gymkhana goal, Cooper, clearing. The Gymkhana then pressed, their opponents having to concede a corner, which however was fruitless. Continuing pressing, the Gymkhana, whose forwards were combining very nicely, again got the ball in the near vicinity of the B. V. A.'s goal, and Finlay gave Hill no chance with a pretty shot. From the restart the Gymkhana got down and forced a corner, which was beautifully placed by Finlay, for Lapper to head the second goal. Only a couple of minutes had elapsed when the Gymkhana got their third goal. The B. V. A were on the defensive the remainder of the half, the interval arriving with the Gymkhana leading by 3 goals to love.

Shortly after the restart the Gymkhana were awarded a penalty from which Hargreaves scored, but for an infringement of the rules, the kick was ordered to be taken again, the same player again placing the ball in the net, thus scoring the fourth goal. Shortly after this the referee cautioned Capper for arguing with him about one of his decisions, and only a few minutes after ordered him off the field for foully charging an opponent. This left both the teams with ten men. The Gymkhana still kept the ball hovering near the B. V. A's goal and Hargreaves scored the fifth with a splendid shot. The B. V. A. meanwhile from one of their few advances into their opponents' territory had scored, Wooley doing the trick. Shortly before time Hargreaves again scored with a simple shot, which went through the goalkeeper's legs, a very one-sided game ending in an easy victory for the Gymkhana.

Result :—

Bombay Gymkhana	6
B. V. A.	1

Teams.—

Bombay Gymkhana.—Goal: Lewin; backs, Cooper and Elliot ; half-backs, Barrett, Sim and Bussay ; forwards : Findlay; Hargreaves ; Capper, Abett and Cardoza.

B. V. A. Goal :—Hill ; backs, Taylor and Rowe ; half-backs, Bellamy, Pepper and Years ; forwards: Dickson, Symon, Wooley and A N Other.

CRICKET.

LUSITANIAN SPORTING CLUB vs. BOMBAY JEWISH C. CLUB.

This match was played on Saturday at the Esplanade Maidan, resulting in an easy win for the former by 7 wickets and 23 runs. Scores :—

BOMBAY JEWISH C. CLUB.

First Innings.

E Sampson, c S D'Souza, b Pais	11
R B Abraham, b Braganca	1
H S Hannes, b Braganca	5
S Judah, b Braganca	0
J Samuel, b Braganca...	20
D Juddah, c M D'Mello, b Braganca	5
R S Jacobs, c Pais, b Braganca	0
G M Benjamin, b Braganca	3
R Reuben, b S D'Souza	4
J Manesh, c J D'Souza, b Braganca	2
E Saddick, not out	0
Extras	7
Total ...	58

LUSITANIAN CLUB.

First Innings.

F D'Mello, b Sampson	1
S D'Souza, b Juddah...	0
J F Pais, not out	49
St Anna, run out	20
M D'Mello C D'Souza J P Braganca J D'Souza B Fernand's E Albuquerque P Victor	Did not bat.
Extras ...	11
Total...	81

PAPER CURRENCY vs. CHITRAPOOR.

A cricket match was played on Saturday between the Paper Currency Office C. C. and the Chitrapoor Cricket Club on the Christ's Maidan, in which the former defeated the latter by 27 runs. The following was the score of both the teams :—

INNINGS OF THE CHITRAPOOR C. C.

A R S Aroor, c Ward, b Nadkarni	9
V S Nagarkate, c Kumana, b Engineer	0
N N Haldipo, c Nadkarni, b Engineer	4
H Narsingrao, c Turner, b Nadkarni	0
Pandit, b Nadkarni	0
S K Talgiri, b Nadkarni	2
D Nadkarni, not out	2
D N Ulman, b Nadkarni	0
S Nagasbrao, b Nadkarni	0
Heble, c Nadkarni, b Engineer...	1
K S Kambrabeil, b Nadkarni	3
Extras	2
Total	23

PAPER CURRENCY C. C.

R C Engineer, c Nagarkate, b Haldipo...	9
L B Ward, c Nadkarni, b Haldipo	1
K E Kumana, b Pandit	17
B B Kairawala, c Ulman, b Haldipo	2
B B Bhadwar, b Haldipo	0
C F Cowie, b Pandit	7
M F Captain, b Pandit	0
R D Khusunan, b Talgiri	4
D G Nadkarni, b Haldipo	2
N A Mowdawala, b Pandit	0
C R Turner, not out	4
Extras	4
Total	50

B. V. A. vs. 64 COY., R. G. A.

Played at Colaba on June 26th. Scores :—

B. V. A.—1st Innings.

Sergt Spilling, b Davies	40
Corpl Forbes, c Williams, b Wyatt	18
Sergt Barker, b Davies	16
Lieut Cudlip, c Davies, b Wyatt	26
Sapr Biggerstaff, c Williams, b Jenkins...	0
Gr Longley, b Jenkins	9
Sapr Partridge, b Wyatt	0
Sapr Rowe, not out ...	7
Sapr Brown, not out...	3
Capt Fisher, b Jenkins	2
Extras	7
Total ...	128

64 Coy R G A—1st Innings,

Gr Williams, l-b-w, b Barker ...	4
Br Shorrocks, b Cudlip	6
Capt Davies, b Cudlip	17
Lieut Jenkins, c and b Barker	1
Lieut Taylor, b Barker	5
Gr Wyatt, b Cudlip	2
Major Bruce, b Cudlip	0
Br Millbanks, not out	2
Corpl Ingham, b Cudlip	0
Gr Ibbetson, b Cudlip	2
Gr Gair, b Barker	0
Extras...	0
Total	39

Played on Saturday on the Oval between the Bombay Gas Co's Social Club and "Times of India" Cricket Club and resulted in a win for the former. Scores :—

"TIMES OF INDIA" CRICKET CLUB.

Surti (jnr) b Pitale	16
Atkinson, b Paisley	3
Surti (snr), c Kale, b Paisley	9
M Ginddle, c Pitale	2
Finch, b Pitale	1
J Shepherd, (Cap) run out	4
N Panthaki, b Sadanand	3
P Simon, c Cromantry, b Edwards	2
B Franks, st Chinber	1
J Dive, not out	1
D Almeida, b Sadanand	0
Extra	1
Total	34

BOMBAY GAS CO'S SOCIAL CLUB.

S Sadanand, run out...	13
R Chinber, b Almeida	16
R Edwards, not out ...	7
A E Cromatty, retired	8
J V Paisley, not out ...	1
A Feegrade R Pitale W. Challice (Cap) C J Lobo B N Kale R Raoji	Did not bat,
Extras ...	5
Total ...	50

THE LADIES' CORNER.

TO-DAY'S FASHION.

In these immediate days, writes a London correspondent, when the variations in the toilette are restricted, and there is no major and minor key in the matter of colour, and no light and shade except what can be gained by the clever mixture of three or four black fabrics of a different consistency, the coiffure is an even more important consideration than it was before. French women can express a great deal by their arrangement of the hair, and a woman who has the real instinct for clothes never dresses her hair before she decides upon the gown she will wear for this or that occasion.

AN EMPIRE TURBAN.

The coiffure should be as obviously a part of the general scheme as the flowers she chooses or the ribbons which appear on her toilette. Her eccentricities in the matter are probably the result of careful consideration, and the quaint turbans which are adopted so much in Paris are not worn in the indiscriminate manner which some people seem to suppose. The Empire style of dress, although dead in a great many cases, is still to be seen among the evening toilettes in the form of the little straight, simple gown which one associate with old colour prints, lavender bashes and sprigged muslin. With these little frocks, which are straight and scanty as regards skirt, and fall from a high, narrow waistbelt while they are cut into a small round or square at the neck one of the folded turbans of to-day, which are really more in the nature of scarves hiding only about half the hair seem singularly appropriate. The turban usually matches the gown it accompanies or is designed in some metal net or fabric, being wound across the head once, tucked underneath, and brought over the left side in a long tasselled end, which falls almost to the edge of the decolletage. It is by no means such a voluminous affair as was the Turban Indian a few months ago, when it carried everything before it, but it is far more becoming in that it shows the sweep of the hair on one side and the soft little boucles and tendrils round the forehead.

INTRODUCTION OF THE STRAIGHT FRINGE.

With it the hair is dressed very simply, while, as an alternative, the turban or scarf is often tied very much in the manner of a peasant's kerchief round the head, while under it the hair is cut in a straight fringe with a little soft curl appearing on each side. Such methods of hairdressing require, however, to be approached with as much caution and circumspection as a live bomb. A bizarre type of coiffure is only justified if a woman looks supremely well in it. The most generally becoming style for those in doubt is represented by the centre parting and the cluster of curls, and it is interesting to learn that French women are returning very enthusiastically to curls after the interim of close cap-like dressing which we have passed through.

A NEW EXPEDIENT.

In some cases a deeply waved piece of hair is brought right across the forehead almost to the eyebrows, and is held in place by the heavy coil just about it. This, again, is not a generally becoming method, but it suits some faces. The curls are introduced in the centre of the coil—namely, on the crown of the head, while a couple of curls on the nape of the neck often enter into the scheme in conjunction with evening attire. The choice of black ornaments for the hair now that black is a sine qua non, is a very important one where evening dress is concerned. With the simpler style of hairdressing a plain black velvet or black moire bow is as useful and effective a form of decoration as any other, while another rather curious expedient consists in encircling the curls with a narrow scarf of black chiffon finished with a jet fringe all round. A third method is that of an inch-wide jet barette, which encircles the head, and is supplemented with an upstanding pleureuse ostrich plume, which is showered thickly over with jet dust, and which rears itself up a little on the left side.

INDIAN ORDERLIES IN AUSTRALIA.

ENQUIRY has been made at the External Affairs Department whether the immigration laws permit an officer of the Indian army coming to Australia on a duty tour to bring a colored Indian soldier with him as an orderly. The secretary of the department has replied that if an Indian officer contemplates bringing a colored person with him as an orderly special permission must be obtained beforehand, in order that arrangements may be made at the port of entry to permit the person to land. When Lord Kitchener came to Australia he brought with him an Indian orderly as far as Brisbane, and then returned him to his native country. This was not done, however, because of any question being raised by the Commonwealth Government. Major-General Kirkpatrick, who is the most recent arrival from India, did not have an Indian orderly with him.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	1	0	7
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	0	[illegible]	13
C Market Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	1	1	18
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	0	0	8
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	1	1	21
F Parel, Sewree and Sion...	0	0	11
G. Mahim and Worli	1	1	7
Harbour	0	0	0
Hospital	0	1	8
Total......	4	4	93
This day last year	8	5	65

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

June 27th 1910.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	61	27	3
B	132	51	0
B	143	114	15
C	77	30	7
D	82	63	0
E	127	65	1
E	104	65	5
F	42	2	0
G	26	0	0
Total ...	794	417	31
Total killed to date rats	...	...	1,211

THE League for the Renovation of the Russian Navy, with the object of interesting the whole country in its work, is organizing a travelling maritime exhibition which, among other places, will visit Kieff, Ekaterinoslav, Kharkoff and Roctoff-on-Don. The exhibition will include models of warships, river boats, cargo steamers, and sailing vessels, and also wax figures of sailors of the Imperial Navy and merchant marine. There will be lectures accompanied by cinematograph views of incidents of naval life.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed, Warning :—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper, sold by Chemists, Grocers, etc

BY THE WAY.

GOING—GOING.—

Anything that Mr. W. H. Hudson writer always attracts attention. A recent issue of the "Times" contains a letter from him, an appeal on behalf of a bird now almost extinct. Mr. Jamrach is distributing a circular in which he announces that, "after forty years diligent searching and at an expenditure of more than £1,000," he has located the hooded-crane, and is in a position to supply these birds at a price of £80 per pair. The extreme rarity of a species invariably presents a problem—whether it is of any use to attempt to revive the dying race, or whether it is not better to seize as many of the remaining specimens as possible, and at the cost of merely anticipating nature by a few years, enrich our museums with eggs and skeletons of an extinct animal. It is unnecessary to say which is the cause that Mr. Hudson urges, but the strength of his convictions and the course he proposes, are worth attention. To stop this "damnable proceeding, this crime against mankind," he intends to make inquiries as to the locality of the threatened cranery, and to approach the ornithological and civil authorities of the district in the hope of preserving these rare birds. Few of us have ever seen this crane, but that will not deter the true humanitarian.

"WILD DOGS" IN EPPING FOREST.

Owing to recent destructive raids upon the deer, orders have been issued by the City Corporation for the destruction of all ownerless dogs found in Epping Forest. These "wild dogs" are alleged to have killed lately no fewer than fifteen of last year's fawns. Formerly the only dogs allowed within the Forest of Essex were "mastiffs for keeping men's houses," and these had to be "lawed," or "expeditated"—that is, the claws of their forefeet were cut off to prevent them chasing the deer. The Canons of Waltham Abbey, who hunted in the Monk Wood of Epping Forest, claimed the right to keep their dogs free from "expeditation"; and a similar privilege was granted to the Bishop of London and to the Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's by a charter of King John.

NEW OFFICERS AT THE OXFORD UNION.

Balliol scores heavily in the election of officers for the Michaelmas term, securing three prizes out of four—the Librarianship, the Treasurership, and the Secretaryship. The office of President went to New College. This is an interesting reversion of the order in the Michaelmas term of 1899, when New College furnished the Union with a Secretary, a Librarian, and a President, leaving Balliol to find a Treasurer in Mr. R. C. K. Ensor. The President for Michaelmas term 1910 is Mr. A. W. Cockburn of New College, who secured a lead on Mr. Raymond Bevir, an Exhibitioner of Hertford, and Mr. Cockburn's junior by a year in University standing. For Librarain the majority of votes was cast in favour of Mr. Philip Guedalla, a Domus Exhibitioner of Balliol, who has spoken remarkably well at the Union, and brought his College the credit of a first-class in Honour Moderations last term. Another Balliol Exhibitioner and an ex-Secretary of the Union, Mr. F. K. Griffith, has been elected Treasurer while the post of Secretary, once occupied by Mr. Gladstone, will be filled by Mr. Leonard Goldsmid Montefiore, who entered Balliol in 1908.

THE LATE SOUTH AFRICAN AGENTS-GENERAL.

With the consummation of the South African Union comes the abolition of the post of Agent-General in this country. Sir Somerset French, K.C.M., the Agent-General for the senior Colony of South Africa, commenced his official career as long ago as 1866 in the money-order department of the British General Post Office. After a long career in the postal department he helped Lord Wolseley to organise the postal service in Cyprus. He went out to the Cape in 1880, and ultimately became Postmaster-General of that Colony. He was appointed Agent-General in London in 1907.

MR. R. C. RUSSELL AND MR. R. E. BROUNGER.

Mr. R. C. Russell, the Agent-General for Natal, is a South African by birth, being born in Natal in 1867. He is a B. C. L. of Oxford University, and was called to the Bar by the Inner Temple in 1893. He was appointed secretary to the Natal Government Agency in 1893, and on the retirement of Sir William Arbuckle last year he was appointed to represent his Colony in London. Mr. R. E. Brounger the Agent-General for the Orange River Colony, has had a long connexion with railway and engineering matters in the Colony which he represented, and took office in 1907, when responsible government was granted to the Orange River Colony.

DISSECTING THE SUN.

Dr. H. Deslandres, who lectured recently at the Royal Institution on "The Progressive Disclosure of the Entire Atmosphere of the Sun," is the Director of the Meudon Observatory, near Paris, and shares with Professor Hale, of the Mount Wilson Observatory, California, the honour of inventing the spectro-heliograph. By means of this clever application of the principle of the spectroscope it is now possible to dissect, as it were, the elements composing the sun's atmosphere, and photograph the sun by light from any single ent.

REASONS FOR THE RUBBER BOOM.

r. Emil Davies, in a little pamphlet—"Rubber the Rubber Market" explains that the basis of rubber boom of 1909-10 has been the high s of rubber. At the beginning of 1908 Fine d Para was quoted at 2s. 9d. per lb., and Fine antation rubber at 3s. 5d. per lb. At the beginning of 1909 the prices were about 5s. 9d. and 6s. 6d. per lb. respectively, and in April 1910 they had risen to 12s. 1d. and 12s. 10d. per lb. respectively. Most of the world's supply of rubber is wild rubber coming from the forests of the Amazon, and it is necessary to bear in mind that the companies in whose shares this great activity has taken place are or will be engaged in the cultivation of rubber in plantations in various parts of the world principally in the Malay Peninsula, the East Indies, Ceylon, and West Africa.

"BY LEAPS AND BOUNDS."

Some twenty or thirty years ago, Mr. Davies reminds us, the failure of coffee estates in Ceylon and Malaya prompted planters to take up the cultivation of rubber. The cost of production being well below even the comparatively low prices then obtaining, rubber cultivation proved itself to be sufficiently profitable for a number of companies to be formed on the spot. The first reference-book dealing with these plantation rubber companies was issued in London in January 1906 since when the interest in this industry has grown by leaps and bounds.

THE FROWN.

Sprawling across a club-room bar,' twas thus
met him first and marked the flawless crease,
he glimpse of silken hose, the waist which owed
elegance to that cetaceous aid
symmetry which Hygiene condemns.
countenance—but there was little here.
laim attention save a monocle
ich clung in crazy insolence of poise
ixt cheek and brow and lent a passing touch
foolish fierceness to the feckless face.
know not who he was, nor whence he came
or why he leaned his back against that bar
nd frowned and frowned. May be the triple stars
Are his to wear and his the nightly right
To bore a mess with all his vapid ways;
r else, maybe a master of finance
e skelters breathless round the banks and brays
benny speculations in the ears
canny agents.—But what boots surmise?
is not mine to track his path in life,
merely seek the secret of that frown
hich lowers above the gold-rimmed monocle,
e some vast bank of thunder-threatening clouds
ling rain-heavy over yonder shrine.
! can it be a feeling of remorse
orn of a memory of by-gone days,
Of tangled loose-strife and of leaf-strewn lanes,
Where once she came to keep the twilight tryst,
Perfect in all, poor soul, save the percentage?
Or can it be he frowns as one who finds
Th' aerated water scarcely to his taste?
Yet no, for, see! he drains it at a gulp
And, frowning still, gesticulates for more.
And as I pondered o'er his angry scowl
And sought a cause in savings idly staked
On faery wells or hypothetic mines,
Sudden the truth flashed clear! for as he turned.
To find himself the object of my gaze.
The eye-glass fell and with it fled the frown!—

J. M. S., in the "Rangoon Gazette."

MEN AND MATTERS.

KING GEORGE AND SHOOTING.

The King is interested in every form of sport with gun and rifle, except live pigeon shooting from traps of which he very strongly disapproves. "His Majesty," his equerry declares, "has never shot at a live pigeon or other bird from a trap." Apart from this, few men of his age have had more variety in sport. He has shot, for instance, crested screamers on Argentine pampas; quail, peacock, duck, and kangaroo in Australia, and elk, sambus, snipe, and buffalo in Ceylon; while in China he actually had a shot at a fox. There are, indeed, very few better shots in Europe than the King—a fact which proves him to be the possessor of sureness of eye and coolness and steadiness of nerve. A magazine of sport recently held a sportsmen's plebiscite as to who were the twelve must remarkable shots in the country, and the result found the then Prince of Wales in the fourth place, after Lord de Grey, Lord Walsingham, and Mr. Headley Noble. His Majesty has performed the very astonishing feat of firing both barrels of two guns in such rapid succession that he has had four dead pheasants falling through the airy at the same moment. At Balmoral he achieved what is nearly a record—out of twenty-two stags, the result of a week's stalk, King George had thirteen to his own rifle.

WHEN THE KAISER IS ILL.

The recent indisposition of the German Emperor came as a distinct surprise to most of his subjects, many of them having grown up in the belief that his Majesty's methodical and well-regulated life has made him immune from all disease. On the whole, the Kaiser is a very good patient. He fully realises the medicinal value of rest when illness sets in. But, although, he confines himself to his room, he by no means leaves off working; as a fact, unless the complaint is particularly serious, it is to theses periodical "rests" that the Court officials look forward to getting through arrears. The Royal bedroom on these occasions presents the appearance of a busy office. Documents are continually being read to the invalid, who, in his turn, dictates replies to the two secretaries posted at the bedside.

THE TWO ANDREES.

As everybody knows, the German Emperor takes a keen interest in the welfare of his private soldiers frequently, during reviews, questioning the men on their domestic affairs. At a recent inspection at Potsdam he had a quaint conversation with a trooper named Andree "So you are called Andree," commented his Majesty. "Do you know that you had a very famous namesake, who was a Polar explorer?" "Yes, I know, your Majesty." "Who told you?" asked the Emperor, "My captain, your Majesty." "Ah, your captain. And what did ye tell you about Andree?" "He told me," came the reply, "he wished only one thing, and that was that Andree had taken me with him, so that he might never set his eyes on me again."

KING ALFONSO AS A MOTORIST.

The visit to this country of the King of Spain for the funeral of the late King Edward served to set the hearts of motor car manufacturers beating high, since the young King has almost a mania for buying new cars, and he greatly favours those made in this country. The first car he ever drove was an English one, and he has several of them, of different makes, in his garage at the present time. He is an expert driver with a perfect indifference to danger, and this has at times proved rather disconcerting to those who are charged with his safety. A few years ago, when he was staying in the Isle of Wight, he was a well-known figure in the country around the New Forest, and the police authorities had instructions to keep a blind eye upon his neglect of the limits regarding speed. One day a large car flashed by a policeman near Ringwood, and presently the officer came upon it by the readside with a wheel off and damaged generally. "Serve you right for the speed you were travelling at," was the officer's laconic comment as he surveyed the woebegone occupants of the car. "If we were going so terribly fast, why did you not stop us?" demanded the owner in indignation," and then this mess might not have happened." "From the manner you passed me I thought you must be the King of Spain," was the man's retort as he turned on his heel and left the scene. King Alfonso now has an ambition to own an aeroplane of his own, and it is only the earnest pleading of Queen Enna that has prevented him from carrying this desire into effect. He has, however, made more than one flight in Mr. Wilbu Wright's machine.

A NOBLE POLITICAL FAMILY.

The Earl of Onslow belongs to a family the members of which have played a large part in the history of the House of Commons during the last three hundred years. No fewer than three of the Onslows have been Speakers. The first was Sir Richard, who flourished in the days of Elizabeth. The second was also a Sir Richard, who was created Baron Onslow. The third was the famous Arthur Onslow, who filled the chair for thirty-five years, the longest on record, and who on his retirement was granted a pension of £3,000 a year. Another ancestor was the Sir Richard who formed one of the committee that waited upon Cromwell to offer him the Crown, upon which occasion Sir Richard made his celebrated speech urging the Dictator to assume the title of king.

THE PRESENT LORD ONSLOW.

The present Lord Onslow is a man of many accomplishments. Before he was forty he had served for three years as Governor of New Zealand. It was while there that his younger son—the Hon. Huia Onslow—was born. The child was made a chief by the Maoris during the first year of his life, and received his unusual Christian name out of compliment to the natives, among whom the Huia is a sacred bird. Lord Onslow did much during his Governorship, at the entreaty of the Maoris, to preserve the great black bird from the extinction that threatened it.

HIS PRIVATE LIFE.

In private life Lord Onslow is the most charming of men, and his popularity with all classes is boundless. One of his hobbies is driving. He rarely misses a meet of the Coaching Club or the Four-in-Hand Club, and in the season he may constantly be seen driving a fine team, usually of bays, at Hurlingham or Barn Elms. This taste for driving he no doubt inherited from his grandfather whose devotion to the ribbons won for him the distinction of being caricatured by Gilray, the following lines being appended to the sketch:

What can Tommy Onslow do?
He can drive a coach and two.
Can Tommy Onslow do no more?
Yes; he can drive a coach and four.

THE RULER OF EGYPT.

Sir Eldon Gorst, who succeeded Lord Cromer as Consul General in Egypt, and who will no doubt have been much interested in Mr. Roosevelt's recent speech, is the eldest son of Sir John Gorst. His knowledge of the Egyptians is most extensive, for he first went to Egypt in 1886, and four years later he was appointed Controller of Direct Revenues under the Egyptian Government. Sir Eldon is a great personal friend of the Khedive, whose confidence he has completely won, and on the occasion of Sir Eldon's marriage, his Highness was present at the ceremony and gave the happy pair many magnificent gifts. In his early days, the Consul General was called to the bar, but very shortly afterwards he entered the diplomatic service. In appearance, Sir Eldon is more of a scholar than a statesman. He is very short, with stooping shoulders, and pince-nez, and has a remarkably clever face, and is of a serious, thoughtful disposition. Lady Gorst was a Miss Rudd, daughter of a millionaire partner of the late Cecil Rhodes. She is a famous and most popular hostess, and is greatly admired by everyone at Cairo.

A Swiss named Kerns, on his motor-cycle, while descending the steep mountain route above the village of Fluhli, nearly 3,000ft. in altitude, lost control of his machine and dashed over the precipice at great speed, falling nearly 1,000ft. into a gorge.

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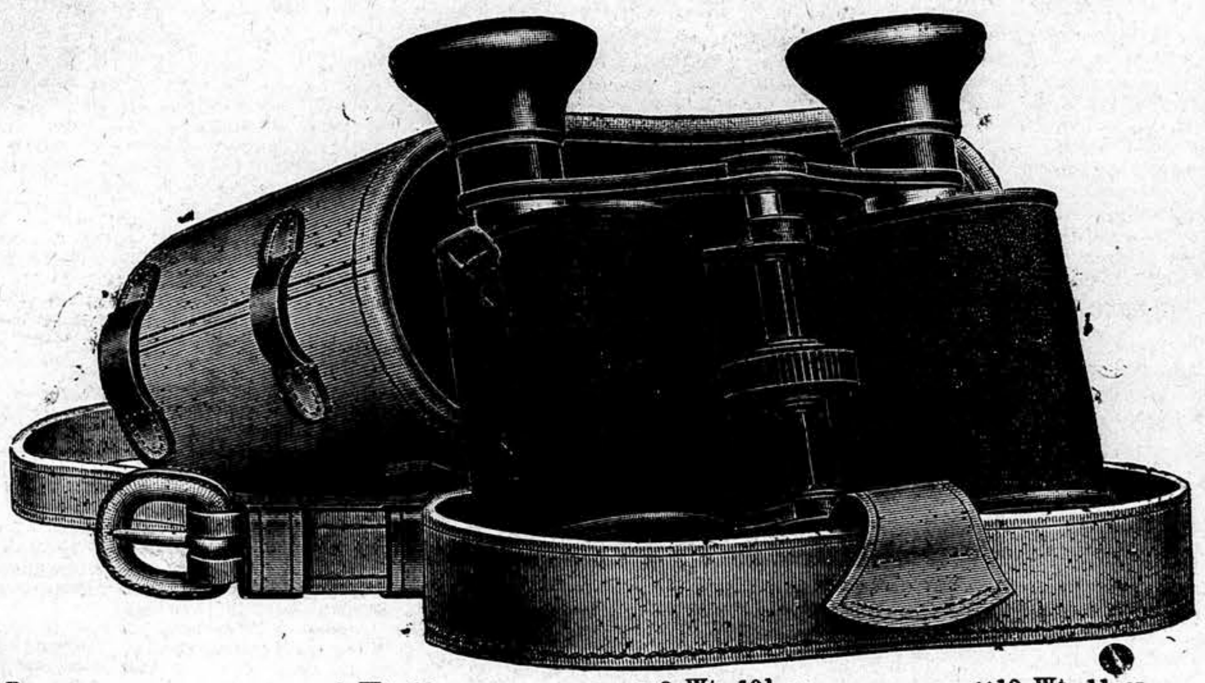

Power	×6 Wt. 10 oz.	×8 Wt. 10½ oz.	×10 Wt. 11 oz.
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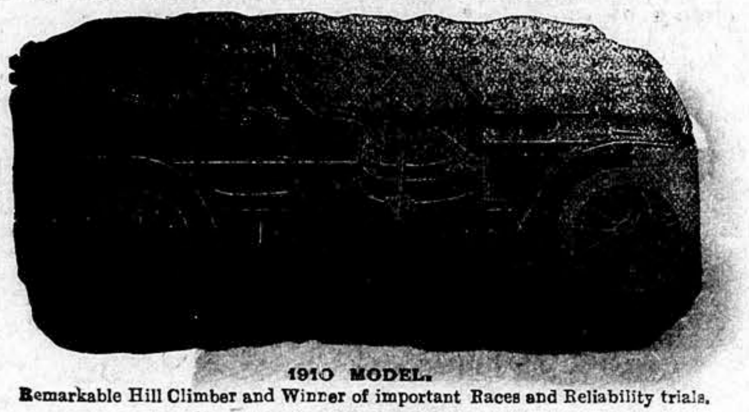

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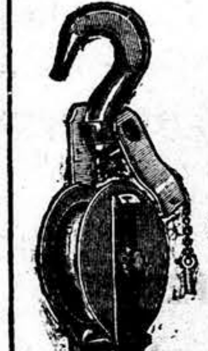

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